Electronic-Key-System

Manual EKS and EKS FSA with Ethernet TCP/IP interface

Compact V3.X.X Modular V1.X.X Order no. 2547185









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1 General notes

1.1 Use of the manual

This manual describes the technical features and the function of the EKS Ethernet TCP/IP read/write stations listed below (also referred to as "devices" for short in the rest of the text).

With the compact version, the Electronic-Key adapter and the evaluation and interface electronics for data transmission are accommodated completely in one housing:

- ► Electronic-Key adapter compact EKS-A-IEX-G01-ST02/03 (order no. 100401) with Ethernet TCP/IP interface V3.X.X
- ► Electronic-Key adapter compact EKS-A-IEXA-G01-ST02/03/04 (order no. 099265) with Ethernet TCP/IP interface V3.X.X; version FSA (For Safety Applications)

With the modular version, the Electronic-Key adapter and the interface adapter with the evaluation and interface electronics for data transmission are accommodated in two separate housings:

- ► Electronic-Key adapter modular EKS-A-SFH... in combination with modular interface adapter EKS-A-AEX-G18 (order no. 167456) with Ethernet TCP/IP interface V1.X.X
- ▶ Electronic-Key adapter modular EKS-A-SFH... in combination with modular interface adapter EKS-A-AEXA-G18 (order no. 167457) with Ethernet TCP/IP interface V1.X.X; version FSA (For Safety Applications)

1.1.1 Explanation of symbols

The following symbols are used in this manual to identify important instructions and useful information:



Danger!

Identifies an immediate hazard. If not avoided, the consequence will be fatality or very serious injuries.



Warning!

Identifies a possible hazard. If not avoided, the consequence may be fatality or very serious injuries.



Caution!

Identifies a possible hazard. If not avoided, minor injuries or damage may result.



Attention!

Risk of damage to material or machine or degradation of function.



Information!

Important information is provided to the user here.



1.1.2 Abbreviations

The following abbreviations are used in this manual:

► DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

DIPDual Inline PackageDNSDomain Name Service

► E²PROM Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory

EKS Electronic-Key-System

► EKS FSA Electronic-Key-System For Safety Applications

► FHM Front Hook Modular
 ► LED Light Emitting Diode
 ► LSB Least Significant Bit
 ► MSB Most Significant Bit

▶ PA PolyAmide▶ RD Receive Data

► ROM Read-Only Memory

► TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol

► TD Transmit Data

1.2 CE conformity

The EKS devices with Ethernet TCP/IP interface correspond to the Radio Equipment Directive (RED) 2014/53/EU and the RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU. The devices comply with the following European standards:

► EN 55011 Industrial, scientific and medical equipment – Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement

► EN 61000-6-2 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-2: Generic standards – Immunity standard

for industrial environments

EN 50364
 Product standard for human exposure to electromagnetic fields from devices operating

in the frequency range 0 Hz to 300 GHz, used in Electronic Article Surveillance (EAS),

Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) and similar applications

► EN 300330 V2.1.1 Short Range Devices (SRD); Radio equipment in the frequency range 9 kHz to 25 MHz

and inductive loop systems in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU

► EN 50581 Technical documentation for the assessment of electrical and electronic products with

respect to the restriction of hazardous substances

1.3 Approvals

1.3.1 UL approval

The EKS read/write stations with Ethernet interface are certified in accordance with call (UL file number E240367).

For use and operation as per the cause requirements, a power supply with the feature "for use in class 2 circuits" must be used.



1.3.2 Radio frequency approvals for USA and Canada

Product description: Electronic-Key-System Compact

FCC ID: 2AJ58-15 IC ID: 22052-15

Product description: Electronic-Key-System Modular

FCC ID: 2AJ58-16 IC ID: 22052-16

FCC/IC-Requirements

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules and with Industry Canada's licence-exempt RSSs. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- 2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

This equipment complies with FCC and ISED radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

- (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et
- (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements ISED établies pour un environnement non contrôlé.

Ce transmetteur ne doit pas etre place au meme endroit ou utilise simultanement avec un autre transmetteur ou antenne.



1.4 Correct use

As part of a higher-level overall system, the EKS read/write station is used for access control and monitoring on control systems or parts of control systems for machine installations. EKS can be used, for example, as part of an overall system for checking access rights on the selection of the operating mode. However, it is not permitted to derive the operating mode directly from the access rights on the Electronic-Key. If the selection of the operating mode is relevant for safety, this must not be performed by means of the EKS; instead an additional device must be used to select the operating mode.

μ̈

Information!

The Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC provides information on selection of the operating mode. It is imperative that this information be followed.

When designing machines and using the read/write station, the national and international regulations and standards specific to the application must be observed, e.g.:

- ► EN 60204, Safety of machinery Electrical equipment of machines
- EN 12100-1, Safety of machinery Basic concepts, general principles for design Part 1: Basic terminology, methodology
- ► EN 62061, Safety of machinery Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems
- ► EN ISO 13849-1, Safety of machinery Safety-related parts of control systems Part 1: General principles for design

Modifications to the electronics of the read/write station and any other changes, especially mechanical modifications and reworking, are not permissible and will result in the loss of the warranty and exclusion of liability.

The read/write station must be employed and used only in accordance with

- this manual and
- other documentation referred to in this manual.

The EKS read/write station is not a safety component in the sense of the Machinery Directive.

Without additional precautions the EKS read/write station must not be used to provide a safety function, particularly if failure or malfunction of the device could endanger the safety or health of people in the operating area of a machine.

1.5 Obligations on the operating organization

The manufacturer and the organization operating the higher-level overall system, e.g. a machine installation, are responsible for the observance of national and international safety and accident prevention regulations applicable in the specific case.



2 Safety precautions



Warning!

The EKS read/write station is not a safety component in the sense of the Machinery Directive. Without additional precautions the read/write station must not be used to provide a safety function, particularly if failure or malfunction of the device could endanger the safety or health of people in the operating area of a machine. On this topic, pay particular attention to the sections

Correct use (see chapter 0) and Electrical connection (see chapter 6).



Warning!

Mounting and electrical connection are allowed to be performed only by authorized personnel who are familiar with the applicable regulations on accident prevention and have read and understood this manual.

Furthermore, mounting and electrical connection of the version EKS *FSA* must be performed only by personnel familiar with handling safety components.



Caution!

Modifications to the electronics of the read/write station and any other changes, especially mechanical modifications and reworking, are not permissible and will result in the loss of the warranty.



3 Function

3.1 Functional description

3.1.1 Common functions of EKS Standard and version EKS FSA

The EKS is used for access control and monitoring on control systems or parts of control systems for machine installations.

Instead of passwords, coded Electronic-Keys are assigned. In this way unauthorized access to control and visualization systems is prevented to the greatest possible extent.

The EKS uses a non-contact, inductive read/write identification system.

It comprises:

- ▶ Electronic-Key
- ▶ Electronic-Key adapter EKS compact or Electronic-Key adapter FHM with interface adapter EKS modular

The user is responsible for organizing the programming of the application, integration into an overall system and the assignment and use of the freely programmable memory in the Electronic-Key.



Information!

For easier organization and management of your Electronic-Keys and the data they contain, EUCHNER also offers the Electronic-Key-Manager EKM software. To enter data in the EKM software, an Electronic-Key adapter with serial interface or USB interface must be in operation on the PC.

EKS Ethernet TCP/IP devices are read/write systems with electronics for the inductive bidirectional interface to the transponder and interface electronics.

Due to the non-contact transfer of data, the Electronic-Key adapter is designed with a high degree of protection suitable for industry from the access side. The Electronic-Key adapter is fastened from the rear side of the panel in order to exclude unauthorized tampering from the operator side.

The system is connected via the Ethernet TCP/IP interface, which is designed as an RJ45 socket. A separate switch may be required for the Ethernet TCP/IP connection. The device does not have an integrated switch.

Setup and system integration can be implemented straightforwardly and quickly on the read/write station with Ethernet TCP/IP interface.

The current state of the Electronic-Key adapter is displayed using a 3-color LED.

The Electronic-Key is placed on the Electronic-Key adapter for operation. The power supply for the transponder and the data are transferred between the Electronic-Key adapter and the Electronic-Key without using any contacts.



Figure 1: Cut-away illustration of an Electronic-Key adapter with Electronic-Key in the compact version



Figure 2: Illustration of an Electronic-Key adapter with Electronic-Key in the modular version

The Electronic-Keys are tag shaped. The complete transponder with memory chip and antenna is integrated into the Electronic-Key. The transponder does not have a battery.

The data carrier in the Electronic-Key is equipped with a combined memory:

▶ 116 bytes E²PROM (programmable) plus 8 bytes ROM (serial number)

The programmable memory of 116 bytes is organized in 4-byte blocks. This means a multiple of 4-byte-sized blocks must always be written.

3.1.2 Additional functions of the version EKS FSA

The version EKS FSA has additional switching contacts (semiconductor relay) that are switched off as long as there is no Electronic-Key in the Electronic-Key adapter or if the Electronic-Key cannot be read.

- ▶ Device in compact version: switching contacts LA1/LA2 and optionally LB1/LB2
- Modular version of the device: only switching contact LA1/LA2

The switching contacts are electrically isolated from the device electronics and from each other. Either AC or DC can be switched.

Each of the contacts is operated with diversity by a dedicated processor that opens the contacts on removal of the Electronic-Key (see figure Block diagram EKS FSA).

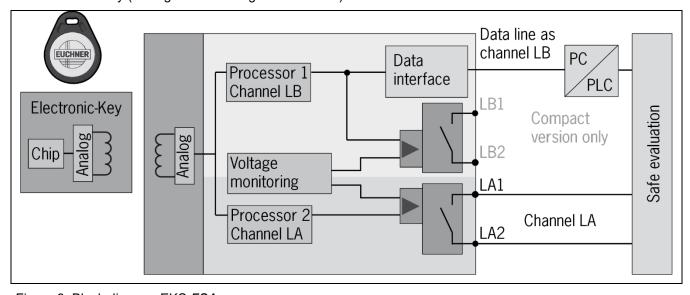


Figure 3: Block diagram EKS FSA

Due to separate evaluation of channel LA and channel LB, the EKS *FSA* device can be used in conjunction with a safe evaluation device in safety-related applications. Integrated voltage monitoring switches off the switching contacts LA and LB if the power supply is outside the permitted tolerance (see chapters 4.4 and 4.5).

$\mathring{\mathbb{I}}$

Information!

The switching contacts *FSA* close when the Electronic-Key is in place, irrespective of the data allocation in the memory.

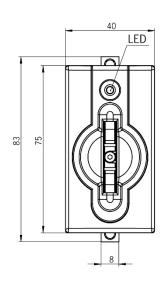


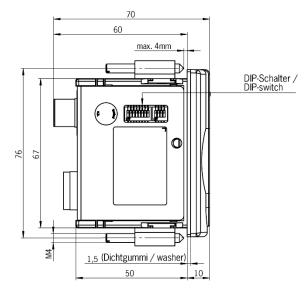
4 Technical data

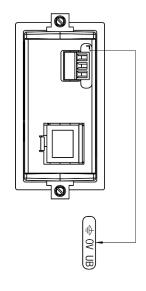
4.1 Dimension drawing of Electronic-Key adapter compact

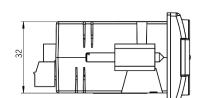
For installation in a control panel, you must provide a cut-out measuring 33 mm x 68 mm according to DIN IEC 61554.

4.1.1 Version EKS-A-IEX-G01-ST02/03 with Ethernet interface

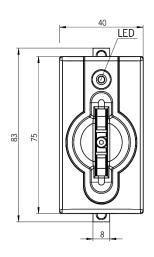


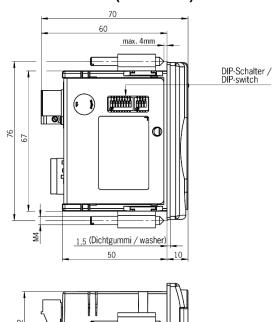


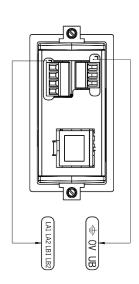




4.1.2 Version EKS-A-IEXA-G01-ST02/03/04 (EKS FSA) with Ethernet interface

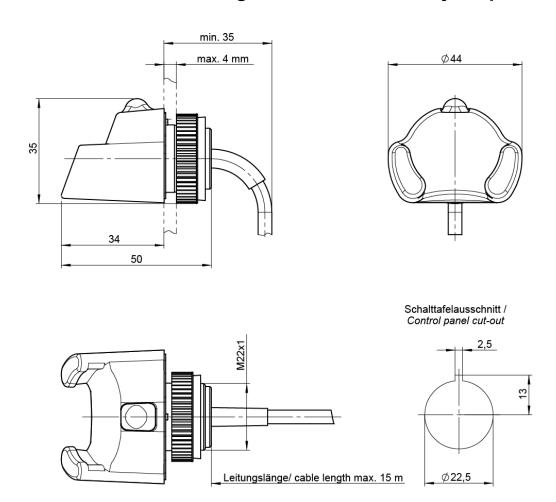




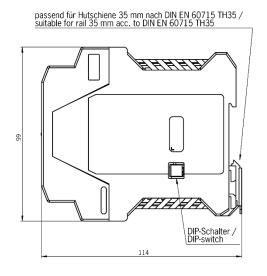


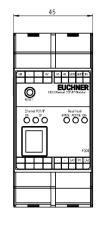


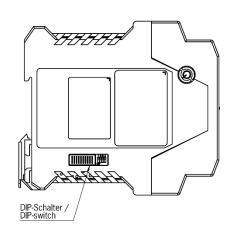
4.2 Dimension drawing of FHM Electronic-Key adapter modular



4.3 Dimension drawing of Ethernet TCP/IP modular interface adapter









4.4 Technical data for compact version

Attention!

All the electrical connections must either be isolated from the mains supply by a safety transformer according to EN IEC 61558-2-6 with limited output voltage in the event of a fault, or by other equivalent isolation measures.

General parameters		Value		Unit
	min.	typ.	max.	
Housing	Р	lastic (PA 6 GF30, gra	y)	
Degree of protection		65/IP67 in installed sta		
Ambient temperature at UB = DC 24 V	0		+ 55	°C
Mounting cut-out acc. to DIN IEC 61554		33 x 68		mm
Power supply connection	Plug-in connect	ion terminal, 3-pin, wit	h screw terminal	
11,		htening torque 0.22 N		
	conducto	or cross-section 0.14	. 1.5 mm²	
Operating voltage U _B	20	24	28	DC V
(regulated, residual ripple < 5 %)	20	24	28	DC V
Current consumption I _B			150	mA
Interface, data transfer				
Interface to the control system	Indu	strial Ethernet (IEEE 8	02.3)	
Transfer protocol		TCP/IP	•	
Data transfer rate (full duplex)		10/100		Mbit/s
Connection for Ethernet interface		1 x RJ45 socket		
Data line	2 x 2 twisted-pair	copper cables, screene	ed; min. category 5	
Cable length			100	m
LED indicator		en: "Ready" (in operat		
	Yello	w: "Electronic-Key act	ive" *	
		Red: "Fault"		
Version FSA (For Safety Applications) - para				d LB
Switching contact connection		ion terminal, 4-pin, wit		
		htening torque 0.22 N		
	conducto	or cross-section 0.14		
Power supply U for load (LA, LB)		24	30	V
Switching current (with overload protection)	1	10	50	mA
Output voltage U _A (LA, LB) in switched state	U x 0.9		U	V
Resistance in switched state		35		ohms
Max. capacitive load			1	μF
Utilization category acc. to AC-12				
EN IEC 60947-5-2 AC-15		50 mA / 24 V		
DC-12		00,		
DC-13		222		
Difference time of the outputs** (LB first)		200		ms
Reliability values acc. to EN ISO 13849-1 (FS	A version only)			
Category (with downstream safe evaluation)		3		
MTTF _D Evaluation of data channel and one		416		years
switching contact LA		-		
Evaluation of data channel and both		803		years
switching contacts LA and LB		92		%
DC		92		70

^{*} The LED illuminates yellow if there is a functional Electronic-Key in the Electronic-Key adapter.

^{**} If the Ethernet interface is accessed during placement or removal of the Electronic-Key, the difference time can be more than 200 ms.



4.5 Technical data for modular version

Attention!

All the electrical connections must either be isolated from the mains supply by a safety transformer
 according to EN IEC 61558-2-6 with limited output voltage in the event of a fault, or by other equivalent isolation measures.

General parameters		Value		Unit
	min.	typ.	max.	
General parameters of Electronic-Key adap	ter Front Hook Modul	ar FHM		
Housing	PI	astic (PVDF GF20, gra	ay)	
Degree of protection		IP67/IP69K in installed		
Ambient temperature	-20		+70 / +100*	°C
Mounting bore		Ø 22.5		mm
Connection		permanently connecte		
	adapter or with plu	ug connector in the cal	ole, with flying lead	
Connecting cable length		2, 5, 10, 15		m
Connecting cable cross-section		4 x 0.25 screened		mm²
Connecting cable outer sheath		PVC		
General parameters of modular interface ac	lapter			
Housing		Plastic (PA 6.6, gray)	T	
Ambient temperature at U _B = DC 24 V	0		+55	°C
Mounting	35-mm moun	ting rail acc. to DIN EN	N 60715 TH35	
Number of connectible Electronic-Key		1		
adapters		'		
Connection for power supply and Electronic-		nection terminals, 4-pi		
Key adapter		erminal (tightening torc		
	or spring terminal	, conductor cross-sect		
Cable length to Electronic-Key adapter		2	15	m
Operating voltage U _B	20	24	28	DC V
(regulated, residual ripple < 5 %)		- 1	_	
Current consumption I _B			150	mA
Interface, data transfer				
Interface to the control system	Indu	strial Ethernet (IEEE 8	02.3)	
Transfer protocol		TCP/IP	T	
Data transfer rate (full duplex)		10/100		Mbit/s
Connection for Ethernet interface		1 x RJ45 socket		
Data line	2 x 2 twisted-pair	copper cables, screen		
Cable length			100	m
LED indicator read head		STATE): "Ready" (in o		
	Yellow (At	CTIVE): "Electronic-Ke	y active" ^^	
150: 1: 4 50 4700 UD		Red (DIA): "Error"		
LED indicator Ethernet TCP/IP	D-	Green (ON): "Active"	!!	
V		d (CF): "Connection er		
Version FSA (For Safety Applications) – pa				
Switching contact connection		in connection terminal,		
		erminal (tightening tord		
D	or spring terminal	, conductor cross-sect		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Power supply U for load (LA)	4	24	30	V
Switching current (with overload protection)	1	10	50	mA V
Output voltage U _A (LA) in switched state	U x 0.9	0.5	U	•
Resistance in switched state		35	4	ohms
Max. capacitive load			1	μF
Utilization category acc. to AC-12				
EN IEC 60947-5-2 AC-15		50 mA / 24 V		
DC-12 DC-13				
Reliability values acc. to EN ISO 13849-1 (F	SA VERSION ONLY)	<u> </u>		
Category (with downstream safe evaluation)		3		
MTTF _D Evaluation of data channel and one		416		years
switching contact LA DC		92		%
טע		92		70

^{*} This is not an ambient temperature for operation. It is valid for a time of no more than 3 minutes, e.g. for cleaning purposes.

^{*} The LED illuminates yellow if there is a functional Electronic-Key in the Electronic-Key adapter



4.6 Connector assignment

4.6.1 Connection socket for Ethernet interface

The connection on the read/write station is realized as an RJ45 (8P8C) socket corresponding to ISO IEC 61754-24.

Pin	Function
1	Transmit Data + (TD+)
2	Transmit Data - (TD-)
3	Receive Data + (RD+)
6	Receive Data - (RD-)

4.6.2 Connection terminal assignment for compact version

Info

Information!

The plug-in connection terminals are included with the Electronic-Key adapter.

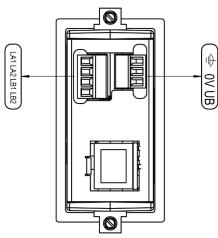


Illustration shows version FSA

4.6.2.1 Connection of power supply



Plug-in connection terminal, 3-pin, with screw terminal

Pin	Designation	Function
1	UB	Power supply DC + 24 V
2	0V	Power supply DC 0 V
3	Functional earth	Electrically connected to the housing

4.6.2.2 Plug-in screw terminals for outputs LA1/LA2 and LB1/LB2 (EKS FSA only)



Plug-in connection terminal, 2 x 2-pin, with screw terminal

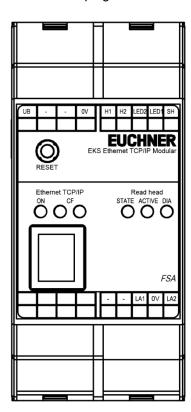
Pin	Channel	Function
1	LA	
2		LA1——LA2 NO contact, channel LA
3	LB	LB1———LB2 NO centest channel LB
4		LB1———LB2 NO contact, channel LB



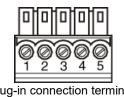
4.6.3 Connection terminal assignment for modular version

Information!

The plug-in connection terminals are not included with the interface adapter



4.6.3.1 Connection to Electronic-Key adapter



Plug-in connection terminal, 5-pin, with screw terminal or spring terminal

Pin	Designation	Function	Conductor coloring
1	SH	Shield of FHM Electronic-Key adapter	ВК
2	LED1	LED of FHM Electronic-Key adapter	YE
3	LED2	LED of FHM Electronic-Key adapter	GN
4	H2	Antenna of FHM Electronic-Key adapter	WH
5	H1	Antenna of FHM Electronic-Key adapter	BN

4.6.3.2 Connection of power supply

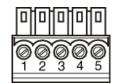


Plug-in connection terminal, 4-pin, with screw terminal or spring terminal

Pin	Designation	Function
1	0V	Power supply DC 0 V
4	UB	Power supply DC + 24 V



4.6.3.3 Connection of switching contact LA1/LA2 (EKS FSA only)



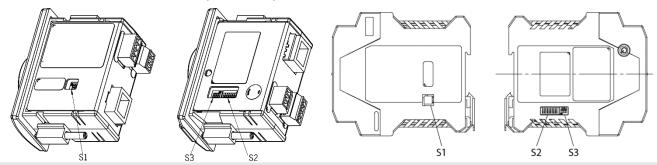
Plug-in connection terminal, 5-pin, with screw terminal or spring terminal

Pin	Designation	Function
1		
2		
3	LA1	
4	0V	LA1———LA2 NO contact, channel LA
5	LA2	



4.7 DIP switch settings

The device has three DIP switches (S1, S2, S3).



Compact device	
DIP switch	Function
S1	S1.1 S1.4; write and read settings
(4-fold)	
S2	S2.1 S2.8; setting of a fixed DNS name (required only for special applications)
(8-fold)	
S3	S3.1 S3.4; settings for network connection and service
(4-fold)	
Modular device	

Modular device	
DIP switch	Function
S1	S1.1 S1.4; write and read settings
(4-fold)	
S2	S2.1 S2.10; setting of a fixed DNS name (required only for special applications)
(10-fold)	
S3	S3.1 S3.4; settings for network connection and service
(4-fold)	

၉ Information!

The settings are adopted only when the power supply is switched on.

4.7.1 DIP switch S1



DIP switch	Function	Factory setting
S1.1	ON = write protection for Electronic-Key read/write	OFF
S1.2	No function	OFF
S1.3	No function	OFF
S1.4	No function	OFF

Information!

It is **imperative** that all DIP switches without a function (S1.2, S1.3 and S1.4) are set to **OFF**! In this way problems with any functions added in the future will be avoided.



4.7.2 DIP switch S2



LSB							MSB		
S2.1	S2.2	S2.3	S2.4	S2.5	S2.6	S2.7	S2.8	S2.9*	S2.10*
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
	S2.1 OFF ON OFF ON OFF	S2.1 S2.2 OFF OFF ON OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF ON	S2.1 S2.2 S2.3 OFF OFF OFF ON OFF OFF OFF ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON	S2.1 S2.2 S2.3 S2.4 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON OFF OFF OFF OFF ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON	S2.1 S2.2 S2.3 S2.4 S2.5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON OFF OFF OFF OFF ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON	S2.1 S2.2 S2.3 S2.4 S2.5 S2.6 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON OFF OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON	S2.1 S2.2 S2.3 S2.4 S2.5 S2.6 S2.7 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON ON ON	S2.1 S2.2 S2.3 S2.4 S2.5 S2.6 S2.7 S2.8 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON ON ON	S2.1 S2.2 S2.3 S2.4 S2.5 S2.6 S2.7 S2.8 S2.9* OFF OFF <td< td=""></td<>

^{*} Only if modular interface adapter fitted. Internal function. Retain default setting.



Information!

Using the DIP switch S2, it is possible to set an EKS name that is used for addressing the device in the network in conjunction with a DHCP server. This name consists of the fixed code EKS plus a configurable number between 001 and 255 that can be used in all system environments with DHCP support. The station name for a specific read/write station would then be EKS027, for example.

The DIP switch S2 is relevant specifically in conjunction with the Siemens SINUMERIK DHCP address assignment routine (see chapter 6.1.1.3 Operation in the Siemens system network).

In this way it is possible to set the identical address by copying the DIP switch settings if a device is replaced.

4.7.3 DIP switch S3



Function	S3.1	S3.2	S3.3	S3.4
Fixed IP address		OFF	OFF	OFF
Default IP address 192.168.1.1		OFF	ON	OFF
Obtain IP address from DHCP server		OFF	OFF	ON
Obtain IP address from a SINUMERIK control system		OFF	ON	ON
Internal function, leave switch OFF		OFF		
Permit configuration via the web interface	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF

(Factory setting: all in OFF position)

= any switch position



Information!

The use of the DIP switches to assign the IP address is described in the following in chapter 6.1.1.

To prevent unauthorized changes to the network, it is sensible to deactivate the web interface after use. For this purpose switch S3.1 is set to ON.



4.8 Indicator LED of compact version

The Electronic-Key adapter operating states are indicated using a three-color LED on the front. The illumination of the LED in any color indicates the presence of the operating voltage.

Operating state	Description	Color
Electronic-Key adapter power-up or fault	After the application of the power supply, the LED is constantly illuminated red during power-up. The completion of the process is indicated by a change in this state after approx. 10 seconds. If the LED then flashes red quickly, it is an indication of a network fault.	Red
Ready	Network connected.	Green
Electronic-Key active	Network connected. Electronic-Key is in the Electronic-Key adapter.	Yellow
Acknowledgment	As soon as the voltage is applied LED flashes red/green. Default IP address is restored.	Red/green

4.9 Indicator LEDs of modular version

The operating states of the read/write stations are indicated via LEDs in three colors.

On the FHM Electronic-Key adapter, the state of the identification system is signaled by a single three-color LED. On the interface adapter, the same state is signaled by three individual LEDs (read head) in different colors. The illumination of the LED in any color indicates the presence of the operating voltage.

The state of the data interface is additionally signaled via two individual LEDs in different colors on the interface adapter (Ethernet TCP/IP).

Operating state Description	Etherne Green ON	t TCP/IP Red CF	Green STATE	Read head Yellow ACTIVE	Red DIA
Power-up of the interface adapter	flashing (2 Hz)	x*	х	х	х
Malfunction: Ethernet TCP/IP error	on	on	X	x	Х
Malfunction: Error in EKS (no Electronic-Key in place)	on	х	flashing	off	flashing
Malfunction: Error in EKS (Electronic-Key in place)	on	х	flashing	flashing	off
Ready: Network connected	on	off	on	off	off
Electronic-Key active: Network connected. Electronic-Key is in the Electronic-Key adapter	on	off	on**	on	off
Acknowledgment: Default IP address is restored	flashing (1 Hz)	flashing (1 Hz)	х	х	Х

^{*} x = Any state

^{**} Only the yellow LED is illuminated on the FHM Electronic-Key adapter



5 Mounting



Warning!

Mounting must be performed only by authorized personnel.

After mounting, again check the Electronic-Key adapter for firm seating and correct sealing on the front panel.

5.1 Electronic-Key adapter compact

Attention!

To achieve the degree of protection IP67, it is necessary to install the key adapter in a clean, flat metal plate at least 2 mm thick and to tighten the screws with a tightening torque of 0.25 ... 0.35 Nm. Suitable strain relief must be provided for the connecting cables in order to avoid damage to the connection sockets or malfunctions.

The Electronic-Key adapter is intended for mounting in control panels with a cut-out measuring 33 mm x 68 mm according to DIN IEC 61554 (see chapter 4.1). The device is fastened using screw clamp elements from the rear side of the panel.

Information!

The screw clamp elements for front panel mounting are included with the Electronic-Key adapter.

- Insert the Electronic-Key adapter, with seal already bonded in place, into the mounting cut-out from the front.
- 2. Insert screw clamp elements into the housing of the Electronic-Key adapter from the side up to the stop and tighten with 0.25 ... 0.35 Nm.

Attention!

The device may be damaged if the tightening torque exceeds 0.35 Nm.

5.2 Electronic-Key adapter FHM

Attention!

To achieve the degree of protection IP 69K, it is necessary to install the FHM Electronic-Key adapter in a clean, flat metal plate at least 2 mm thick and to tighten the central fixing nut with a tightening torque of 2 Nm.

Suitable strain relief must be provided for the connecting cables in order to avoid damage to the connection sockets or malfunctions.

The Electronic-Key adapter is intended for mounting in control panels with a cut-out \emptyset 22.5 mm (see chapter 4.2).



6 Electrical connection



Danger!

Electrical connection may be performed only by **authorized personnel trained in EMC** and with the device and wiring **isolated**.



Warning!

For use and operation as per the calculation requirements, a power supply with the feature "for use in class 2 circuits" must be used.

Attention!

The read/write station is allowed to be connected only if it is electrically isolated. Otherwise the device can be damaged.

Attention!

If connected incorrectly, the device can be damaged.

Observe electrical characteristics and terminal assignment (see chapter 4.4 Technical data for compact version and chapter 4.5 Technical data for modular version).

Attention!

All the electrical connections must either be isolated from the mains supply by a safety transformer according to IEC/EN 61558-2-6 with limited output voltage in the event of a fault, or by other equivalent isolation measures.

Attention!

When connecting, the operating organization must ensure compliance with the EMC protection requirements in accordance with EN 55011 and EN 61000-6-2.

Attention!

The equipotential bonding system of the machine installation must comply with EN 60204-1, section 8, Equipotential bonding.

Attention!

Do not lay connecting cables in the immediate vicinity of sources of interference.



6.1 Ethernet connection

The interface for the read/write station is compatible with the standards ISO/IEC 61754-24 and IEC 61158. The device is operated in full-duplex mode with 10 Mbit/s or 100 Mbit/s.



Information!

- Only a screened 100 BaseTX cable, twisted pair, Cat 5 or higher, is permitted for use as the connecting cable. The maximum cable length is 100 m.
- ▶ It may be necessary to provide additional shielding in conditions with a high level of EMC interference.
- ▶ A separate switch may be required for the Ethernet TCP/IP connection.

6.1.1 Ethernet configuration

Using the DIP switch S3, the device can be configured for the following operating modes (see chapter 4.7.3):

- With a fixed IP address
- ▶ As a DHCP client with dynamic IP address
- ► As a DHCP client for a SINUMERIK control system with dynamic IP address based on a fixed station name (see chapter 4.7.2)

In addition, the following service functions can be set with DIP switch S3:

- ▶ Reset to default IP address (see chapters 4.7.3 and 6.1.1.1)
- ▶ Permit or prohibit configuration via a web interface (see chapters 4.7.3 and 7.2)

The individual functions are described below in detail.

6.1.1.1 Fixed IP address and default IP address

Fixed IP address

In this operating mode, communication with the device is via a fixed IP address. In the default setting on delivery, the factory-set default IP address is 192.168.1.1 and the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.



Information!

- ▶ This operating mode is not suitable for operation in conjunction with a DHCP server.
- ▶ The DIP switches S3.3 and S3.4 always remain OFF in this operating mode (see DIP switch settings in chapter 4.7.3).
- ▶ On powering up the device, the fixed IP address last set is always active after the application of the power supply in this operating mode.

You can assign an individual, fixed IP address via the web interface of the device (see chapter 7.2). To do this, access via a web browser must be enabled (see DIP switch settings in chapter 4.7.3).

Default IP address

Each device has the factory-set default IP address 192.168.1.1 and the subnet mask 255.255.255.0.



Information!

If you have forgotten your self-defined IP address, you can reset the device to the default address again. The self-defined address is then overwritten by the default address.

For this purpose proceed as follows. The device can be connected to the network or disconnected from the network during this routine.

- 1. Disconnect the device from the power supply.
- 2. Set DIP switch S3.3 (see DIP switch settings in chapter 4.7.3) to ON.
- 3. Apply power supply. Wait until the device has adopted the default IP address. This situation is indicated by the LED flashing red/green.
- 4. Disconnect the device from the power supply. Set DIP switch S3.3 to OFF (see DIP switch settings in chapter 4.7.3).



After the application of the power supply, the device now powers up again with the default IP address. A new, fixed, self-defined IP address can now be set again using the web interface (see above).



Information!

With the modular interface adapter, the RESET button on the front can be used to disconnect the power supply and restart the device.

6.1.1.2 Dynamic IP address

In this operating mode, the device is a DHCP client. The IP address is assigned by a DHCP server (see DIP switch settings in chapter 4.7.3).



Information!

This operating mode is unsuitable for operation in a network with fixed IP addresses.

6.1.1.3 Operation in the Siemens system network

The Siemens system architecture is designed so that the HMI PRO (Human Machine Interface) software and the operating system run on one or more NCU (Numeric Control Units)/IPC (Industrial PCs). The TCP/IP protocol is used for communication.

The EKS communicates with an NCU. Linux is used here as the operating system in the NCU. Simple TCUs (Thin Client Units) with MCPs (Machine Control Panels) are provided at the control station for operation and visualization. A control station typically consists of a TCU and MCP. Communication between TCU, MCP and NCU takes place completely via Ethernet.

The EKS communicates with an IPC. Windows® is used as the operating system here. If the EKS is to be operated remotely from the IPC, the EKS with Ethernet interface can be used.

Each station in a system network is assigned an unambiguous SINUMERIK station name. The EKS can be integrated into this network. According to the principle of flexible assignment of stations to each other, it is possible to define which stations are to work together, i.e. which TCU is to access which NCU/IPC with which MCP. This means that an EKS can be assigned to a specific control station.

A DHCP server runs on the NCU/IPC, and a DHCP client runs on the connected network stations. With this SINUMERIK DHCP address assignment routine, an unambiguous SINUMERIK station name is made up of an assigned device name and a number. In the case of the EKS, this station name consists of the identifier EKS and a consecutive number between 001 and 254 (around 1 byte). The numbers 000 and 255 are not supported by the SINUMERIK address assignment routine. The station name for a specific EKS would then be EKS027, for example. No programming device or PC is required for setup within the Siemens network. When carrying out setup, it must be ensured that each device receives a separate number in a network. An unambiguous IP address is then dynamically assigned to this name via DHCP. DNS is used to ensure that each device can be addressed by its name.

The EKS can obtain the IP address corresponding to the SINUMERIK DHCP address assignment routine. Activation of the SINUMERIK address assignment routine must be set by means of the DIP switch S3 (see chapter 4.7.3). The 3-digit numbering as part of the station name (i.e. 027 in the example above) can be set by means of the DIP switch S2 (see chapter 4.7.2).

System integration in the user software is performed by Siemens.



6.2 Connection of power supply

(For connector assignment see chapters 4.6.2.1 and 4.6.3.2)

It is imperative that the following points are observed:

The connections must be made as appropriate to maintain EMC performance.

A power supply of suitable EMC performance must be used for the power supply.

Conductor cross-section maximum 1.5 mm².

Tighten the screws on the terminal plug to 0.22 Nm.

ြု Information!

With the modular interface adapter, the RESET button on the front can be used to disconnect the power supply and restart the device.

6.3 Connection of functional earth

The functional earth is connected via terminal 3 on the plug-in screw terminals for the power supply. This connection is electrically connected internally to the housing of the compact Electronic-Key adapter.

ÎΠ

Information!

The functional earth must be connected to PE!

6.4 Connection of the semiconductor switching contacts (for EKS FSA only)



Warning!

Incorrect connection or errors in the safety-related integration of the EKS *FSA* can lead to fatal injury. For this reason, observe the following safety aspects:

- ▶ It is not possible to generate a safe signal by using only the switching contacts LA1/LA2 and LB1/LB2. Safe, downstream evaluation is always necessary. Use of the switching contact LB1/LB2 (for the compact version only) is optional.
- ► Safe evaluation must always be dual-channel: Evaluation of switching contact LA1/LA2 as channel LA together with evaluation of the data line as channel LB.

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Information!

The switching contact LA1/LA2 is used in combination with functionally safe applications. The function that can be evaluated in terms of safety engineering is the reliable detection that no Electronic-Key is placed.

7 Setup

Perform setup in the following sequence:

- 1. Set the DIP switches of the device (see chapter 4.7).
- 2. Check whether mounting and electrical connection are correct (see chapter 5 and chapter 6).
- 3. After the power supply is plugged in, the LED on the front of the compact Electronic-Key adapter is illuminated, or the CF LED on the interface adapter are initially illuminated red. After the EKS has booted and a network cable has been connected, the LED on the front of the compact Electronic-Key adapter is illuminated, or the ON LED on the interface adapter is illuminated green and signals readiness for operation.
- 4. Place the Electronic-Key in the Electronic-Key adapter. The LED on the front of the compact Electronic-Key adapter or the ACTIVE LED on the interface adapter changes to yellow.
- 5. Important: for the version EKS FSA, all safety functions must also be thoroughly tested.

7.1 Network settings

You need the following information to integrate the device into the network:

- ▶ IP address of the host computer with which you want to configure the device.
- ► Free IP address that can be assigned to the device (not needed if the IP address is obtained automatically from a DHCP server)
- Subnet mask of the network in which the device is to be operated
- ▶ If necessary, information on valid gateway
- ▶ If necessary, information on valid DNS server

Information!

The TCP connection to the device must be made using port 2444. If the Ethernet ActiveX® module is used, this port is set by default. If the connection is to be made from a control system, for example, this port must be set explicitly.

7.1.1 Network settings for a configuration PC with Windows®

Information!

- ▶ It is assumed that you connect the PC to the EKS read/write station as shown in the following example.
- ▶ For connection, you need a (Cat 5) patch cable.
- ▶ You must first modify the network settings on the PC so that the web interface can be opened.
- ▶ Enter IP address for the PC from 192.168.1.2 to 192.168.1.254.
- ▶ Enter subnet mask for the PC as 255.255.255.0

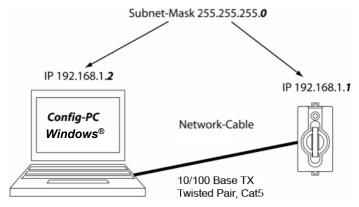
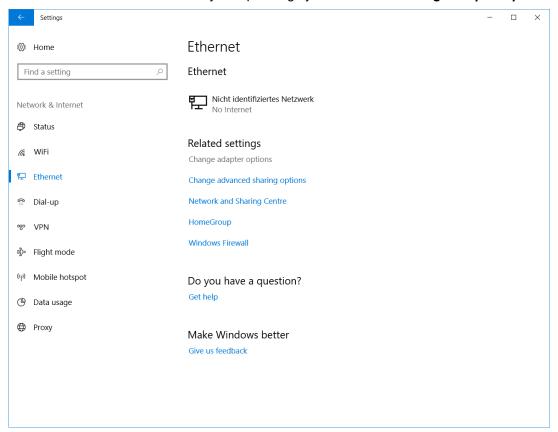


Figure 4: Connection of configuration PC

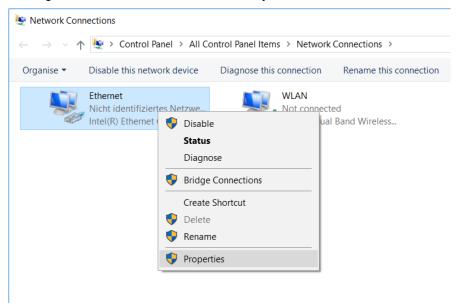


Adapting network settings

1. Select Network & Internet in your operating system and click Change adapter options.

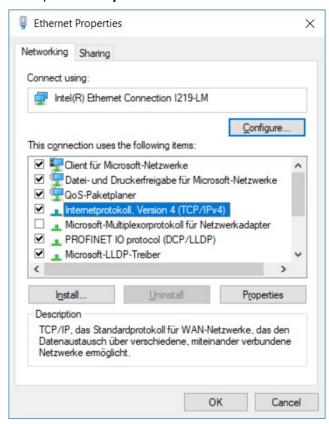


2. Right-click Ethernet and then click Properties.

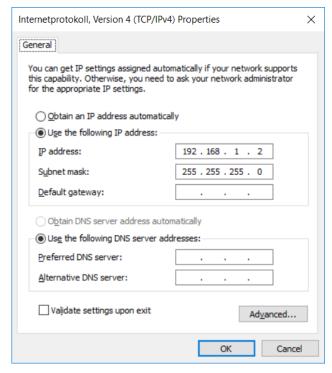




3. Open the Properties for Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPV4).



4. In order to ensure that the EKS read/write station and the configuration computer are in the same network, you must assign your configuration PC an IP address with the same subnet mask as the device. On delivery, the default IP of the device is 192.168.1.1 and the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0. As a consequence you can allocate to the configuration computer any IP address between 192.168.1.2 and 192.168.1.254, for example. In this example, the configuration PC is assigned the IP address 192.168.1.2.



5. Click the **OK** button to confirm your entries.

The EKS read/write station can now be configured via the integrated web interface as described in chapter 7.2.



7.2 Configuring the read/write station via the web interface

The device can be configured with a web browser.

If you wish to operate the read/write station with a self-defined, fixed IP address, it is recommended to configure the device with a PC. This is the fastest method, particularly if several devices have to be configured. The configuration PC must meet the following requirements:

- Network card
- Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Edge)
- ▶ If the configuration PC features a firewall, it may be necessary to enable the EKS read/write station as a trustworthy application. Refer to the firewall documentation for further information.

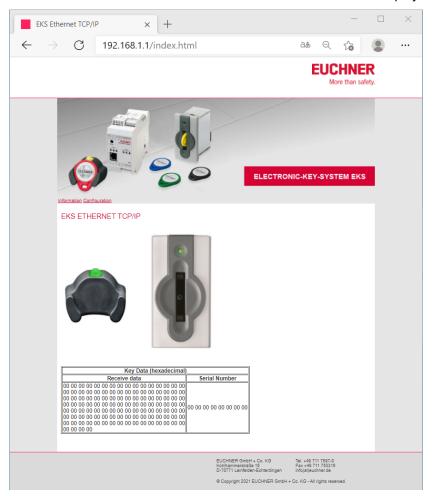
Launching the EKS web interface

Use of the web interface is described below.

Information!

You will find the DIP switch setting for activating the web interface in chapter 4.7.3.

- Open a browser window and enter the default IP address http://192.168.1.1/ or the IP address you have assigned for the EKS read/write station. If necessary, first reset the default IP address (see chapter 6.1.1.1). If the EKS read/write station is located in a network with DHCP server, enter the automatically assigned IP address.
- ▶ The *Information* screen for the EKS web interface is now displayed.





- 2. Click Configuration.
- ▶ The **Configuration** screen for the EKS web interface is now displayed.



- 3. Enter the desired IP address and the subnet mask. If the network has a gateway, also enter this information.
- 4. Click the Send button.
- ▶ The following message is displayed: *The settings were saved, to apply settings please switch power off/on...*
- 5. Interrupt the power supply and connect the device again in order to adopt the settings.

Information!

With the modular interface adapter, the RESET button on the front can be used to disconnect the power supply and restart the device.

The areas of the web interface described in the following are used for the extended analysis of the connection from the EKS to the software application.

In the *Active Connection Data* area, the number of currently active connections is shown including the parameters for the connection to the application. Here only one connection is allowed to be active. If there are more than three connections, the EKS outputs the status number 61_{hex} (see chapter 8.5) and the communication is interrupted. The connection to the web interface is not indicated here. The active connections are deleted when the device is shut down.

In the **Connection Data History** area, the total number of all boot processes is indicated after **Current Boot Count**. The last 20 EKS connections to the application are also listed chronologically with the connection parameters. These entries are not deleted while resetting to the default IP address (see chapter 6.1.1.1).



8 Data transfer via the Ethernet TCP/IP interface

8.1 Communication

This chapter primarily describes communication between a PC and the read/write station (referred to as the *device* in the following).

The commands

- ► Program (write) Electronic-Key
- Read Electronic-Key

are issued using the TCP/IP protocol.

Integration of the read/write station with Ethernet interface into the user's PC application is supported by an optionally available ActiveX® module (order no. 100665) (usable if user programs under MS Windows® support ActiveX®). The EKS can thus be used in conjunction with process visualization, for example. **The ActiveX® module is used as a protocol driver for the TCP/IP data transfer protocols described in the following**.

Upon request, Euchner will make available a shared library as an interface to a Linux operating system.



Information!

The shared library only supports the EKS during reading.

To ensure communication stability, a maximum of one connection to the application is allowed. In parallel, an additional connection can be established via the web interface.



Information!

Valid for all modular designs from V1.0.0 and for all compact designs from V3.0.4:

The EKS features the TCP Keepalive function. The control system must support this function. This function automatically closes unused open connections in the device as soon as there is no longer any feedback from the control system after 3 Keepalive attempts. When and how often the TCP Keepalive telegrams are sent depend on the control system. TCP Keepalive telegrams are no longer sent once permanent communication has been established, e.g. via command identification Ek (see chapter 8.3.4). The TCP Keepalive telegrams are also suspended for a certain time in case of individual telegrams, such as the read telegram.

8.2 Basic message structure

8.2.1 IP - Internet Protocol

The internet protocol defines the basis for data transfer. It guarantees data transfer by connectionless, unsecured transport of data packets. IP provides an addressing mechanism for unambiguously identifying the transmitter and receiver. This is done by means of IP addresses.

In addition to the actual user data that are to be transferred, a data packet also contains other important information to facilitate problem-free data transfer. This additional information is also referred to as the packet overhead or header.

8.2.2 TCP - Transport Control Protocol

TCP takes care of the handling and security of the IP data packets. It establishes a connection between two network stations for the duration of data transfer. The conditions for data transfer (e.g. the size of the data packets) are defined when the connection is set up. TCP operates according to the so-called client-server principle. The network station that sets up a connection represents the client. The addressed network station is known as the server.

TCP provides every data packet with a checksum and therefore ensures that any data loss is detected. A sequence number is also transferred that calculates a so-called acknowledge number according to a fixed algorithm. This acknowledge number is sent back to the transmitter. In this way, the receiver acknowledges that the data packet has been received correctly. If this is not the case, the receiver requests the data packet again.

A further task of TCP is forwarding of data packets to the correct application. These applications (so-called services) are addressed by means of different port numbers (e.g. port 80 for HTTP).



8.3 Commands for writing and reading an Electronic-Key read/write

Write and read processes are always initiated by the PC/control system using a "command message."

The command message and reply message are also packed as user data in the TCP/IP frame.

The Electronic-Key-System then sends a reply message to the PC/control system.

PC/control system	Electronic-Key-System
Command message	
	Reply message
	←

Й

Information!

On the Electronic-Key read/write with 116 bytes freely programmable, the memory is organized in 4-byte blocks. This means the start address for writing must be given in the range byte number 0 to byte number 112, always in 4-byte steps (byte number 0, 4, 8 ... 112). Also, a multiple of 4-byte-sized blocks must always be written (4, 8, 12 ... 116 bytes)!

However, during reading it is possible to access the memory byte-by-byte without the above-mentioned restriction for writing.

The Electronic-Key read/write also has a unique 8-byte serial number that is permanently written to the memory during the Electronic-Key production process. The serial number therefore cannot be changed. This serial number is used for secure differentiation of every single Electronic-Key. It is necessary that all 8 bytes are completely evaluated for secure differentiation. The serial number is appended to the freely programmable memory. The serial number can be read by entering the start address byte number 116 and the number of bytes 8.



8.3.1 Write process

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Information!

When this command is used, the Electronic-Key must be in the Electronic-Key adapter, and must be removed from within the actuating range only after the reply message has been received.

Command message (message core, PC/control system → EKS, see Figure 5):

► TP (device addr.) (start addr. user data) (number of bytes of user data) (user data)

Reply message (message core, EKS \rightarrow PC/control system, see Figure 6):

► RF (device addr.) (00_{hex}, 00_{hex}) (status number)

Puto no	Description	Contents				
Byte no.	Description	ASCII	hexadecimal	decimal		
0	Number of message bytes		0B 7B	11 123		
1	Command identification	T	54	84		
2	Command identification	Р	50	80		
3	Constant		01	1		
4			00	0		
5	Start address for the user data		00 70	0 112		
6	Number of bytes of user data		04 74	4 116		
7 122	User data	ASCII or hexad	ecimal or BCD (co	de transparent)		

Figure 5: Command message Write Electronic-Key read/write (message core)

Puto no	Description	Contents			
Byte no.	Description	ASCII	hexadecimal	decimal	
0	Number of message bytes		07	7	
1	Command identification	R	52	82	
2	Command identification	F	46	70	
3	Constant		01	1	
4	Radding data		00	0	
5	Padding data		00	0	
6	Status number		*		

Figure 6: Reply message Write Electronic-Key read/write – status (message core)

* Status number 00_{hex}: without errors

02_{hex}: Electronic-Key not in the actuating range

(for further status numbers see chapter 8.5)



8.3.2 Read process

Command message (message core, PC/control system → EKS, see Figure 7):

► TL (device addr.) (start addr. user data) (number of bytes of user data)

Reply message (message core, EKS → PC/control system, see Figure 8 or Figure 9):

For this command there are two possible replies:

- ▶ RL (device addr.) (start addr. user data) (number of bytes of user data) (user data) or
- ► RF (device addr.) (00_{hex}, 00_{hex}) (status number)

The reply message RL (see Figure 8) stands for correct reception of the data.

If an Electronic-Key cannot be read, an RF reply message is received (see Figure 9). The status number then indicates the cause of the error.

Durto no	Description	Contents			
Byte no.	Description	ASCII	hexadecimal	decimal	
0	Number of message bytes		07	7	
1	Command identification	Т	54	84	
2	Command identification	L	4C	76	
3	Constant		01	1	
4			00	0	
5	Start address for the user data		00 74	0 116	
6	Number of bytes of user data		01 7C	1 124	

Figure 7: Command message Read Electronic-Key read/write (message core)

Byte no.	Description		Contents	
byte no.	Description	ASCII	hexadecimal	decimal
0	Number of message bytes		08 83	8 131
1	Command identification	R	52	82
2	Command identification	L	4C	76
3	Constant		01	1
4			00	0
5	Start address for the user data		00 74	0 116
6	Number of bytes of user data		01 7C	1 124
7 130	User data	ASCII or hexad	ecimal or BCD (co	de transparent)

Figure 8: Reply message Read Electronic-Key read/write (message core)

Puto no	Description			
Byte no.	Description	ASCII	hexadecimal	decimal
0	Number of message bytes		07	7
1	Command identification	R	52	82
2	Command identification	F	46	70
3	Constant		01	1
4	Radding data		00	0
5	Padding data		00	0
6	Status number		*	

Figure 9: Reply message Read Electronic-Key read/write – status (message core)

(for further status numbers see chapter 8.5)

^{*} Status number 02_{hex}: Electronic-Key not in actuating range



8.3.3 Reading the serial number

The Electronic-Key read/write also has a unique 8-byte serial number that is permanently written to the memory during the Electronic-Key production process. The serial number therefore cannot be changed. This serial number is used for secure differentiation of every single Electronic-Key. It is necessary that all 8 bytes are completely evaluated for secure differentiation. The serial number is appended to the freely programmable memory. The serial number can be read by entering the start address byte number 116 and the number of bytes 8 (see chapter 8.3.2).

8.3.4 Read the Electronic-Key status

Command message (message core, PC/control system → EKS, see Figure 10):

► Ek (device addr.) (00hex, 00hex) (00hex)

Reply message (message core, EKS → PC/control system, see Figure 11):

There is only one reply for this command:

► Ek (device addr.) (00_{hex}, 00_{hex}) (status number)

Buto no	Description	Contents				
Byte no.	Description	ASCII	hexadecimal	decimal		
0	Number of message bytes		07	7		
1	Command identification	E	45	69		
2	Command Identification	k	6B	107		
3	Constant		01	1		
4			00	0		
5	Padding data		00	0		
6			00	0		

Figure 10: Command message Read Electronic-Key status (message core)

Byte no.	Description	Contents		
		ASCII	hexadecimal	decimal
0	Number of message bytes		07	7
1	Command identification	E	45	69
2		k	6B	107
3	Constant		01	1
4	Padding data (can be different values)		XX	Х
5			XX	Χ
6	Status number		*	

Figure 11: Reply message **Read Electronic-Key status – status** (message core)

* Status number 01_{hex}: EKS_KEY_IN

02_{hex}: EKS_KEY_OUT
03_{hex}: EKS_KEY_OTHER

Information!

The current status of the EKS Electronic-Key can be polled actively at any time using the command identification **Ek**. The EKS device responds also with command identification **Ek** and the information on whether an Electronic-Key is in place or not.

This status message is sent automatically by the EKS also without request via the command message, as soon as the Electronic-Key is put in place or removed.



8.4 Command overview

Description	Command message	Reply message
Program Electronic-Key	TP (see chapter 8.3.1)	RF (see chapter 8.3.1)
Read Electronic-Key	TL (see chapters 8.3.2 and 8.3.3)	RL (see chapter 8.3.2)
(also read the serial number)		or
		RF (see chapter 8.3.2)
Read the Electronic-Key status	Ek (see chapter 8.3.4)	Ek (see chapter 8.3.4)

8.5 Status numbers

Value	Description
00 _{hex}	No error
02 _{hex}	Electronic-Key not in the actuating range
03 _{hex}	Parity bit error on read-only Electronic-Key
06 _{hex}	Write process interrupted. Start address or number of bytes is not a multiple of the block size 4.
4x _{hex}	General Electronic-Key communication error (renewed write or read process necessary)
50 _{hex}	Write attempt despite enabled write protection
61 _{hex}	Maximum permissible number of TCP/IP connections exceeded



9 Exclusion of liability

Exclusion of liability under the following circumstances:

- Incorrect use
- ▶ Non-compliance with safety regulations
- If mounting and electrical connection are carried out by unauthorized personnel
- ▶ If modifications are made

10 Service and repair

- ▶ No servicing is required.
- ▶ Remove dirt from the Electronic-Key and the Electronic-Key adapter using a soft cloth and solvent-free, non-abrasive cleaning agents.
- ▶ Repairs are to be made only by the manufacturer.
- ▶ On version EKS FSA devices, the safety-related functions must be checked at regular intervals.

11 Guarantee

The "General Terms and Conditions" of EUCHNER GmbH + Co. KG apply.

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EUCHNER GmbH + Co. KG Kohlhammerstraße 16 70771 Leinfelden-Echterdingen Phone +49 711 / 75 97 - 0
Fax +49 711 / 75 33 16
www.euchner.com . support@euchner.de

