EUCHNER

Operating Instructions



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1. About this document

1.1. Scope

These operating instructions are valid for all CTM-LBI-BP/BR... from version V1.0.0. These operating instructions, the document *Safety information* and any enclosed data sheet form the complete user information for your device.

1.2. Target group

Design engineers and installation planners for safety devices on machines, as well as setup and servicing staff possessing special expertise in handling safety components.

1.3. Key to symbols

Symbol/depiction	Meaning
	Printed document
(www)	Document is available for download at www.euchner.com
DANGER WARNING CAUTION	Safety precautions Danger of death or severe injuries Warning about possible injuries Caution slight injuries possible
NOTICE Important!	Notice about possible device damage Important information
Tip	Useful information

1.4. Supplementary documents

The overall documentation for this device consists of the following documents:

Document title (document number)	Contents	
Safety information (2525460)	Basic safety information	
Operating instructions (2525462)	(this document)	(www)
Possibly enclosed data sheet	Item-specific information about deviations or additions	



Important!

Always read all documents to gain a complete overview of safe installation, setup and use of the device. The documents can be downloaded from www.euchner.com. For this purpose enter the doc. no. in the search box.



2. Correct use

Safety switches series CTM-L.-... are interlocking devices with guard locking solenoid (type 4). The device complies with the requirements according to EN IEC 60947-5-3. Devices with unicode evaluation possess a high coding level, devices with multicode evaluation possess a low coding level.

In combination with a movable guard and the machine control, this safety component prevents the guard from being opened while a dangerous machine function is being performed.

This means:

- Starting commands that cause a dangerous machine function must become active only when the guard is closed and locked.
- The guard locking must not be released until the dangerous machine function has ended.
- Closing and locking a guard must not cause automatic starting of a dangerous machine function. A separate start command must be issued. For exceptions, refer to EN ISO 12100 or relevant C-standards.

Devices from this series are also suitable for process protection.

Before the device is used, a risk assessment must be performed on the machine, e.g. in accordance with the following standards:

- ▶ EN ISO 13849-1
- → EN ISO 12100
- ▶ IEC 62061

Correct use includes observing the relevant requirements for installation and operation, particularly based on the following standards:

- ► EN ISO 13849-1
- ▶ EN ISO 14119
- ▶ EN 60204-1

The safety switch is allowed to be operated only in conjunction with the intended EUCHNER actuator and the related connection components from EUCHNER. On the use of different actuators or other connection components, EUCHNER provides no warranty for safe function.

Connection of several devices in a BR switch chain is permitted only using devices intended for series connection in a BR switch chain. Check this in the specifications of the device in question.



Important!

- The user is responsible for the proper integration of the device into a safe overall system. For this purpose, the overall system must be validated, e.g. in accordance with EN ISO 13849-2.
- It is only allowed to use components that are permissible in accordance with the table below.

Table 1: Possible combinations for CTM components

Safety switch		Actuator
		A-B-A1
CTM Unicode/Multicode		•
Key to symbols	•	Combination possible

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3. Description of the safety function

Devices from this series feature the following safety functions:

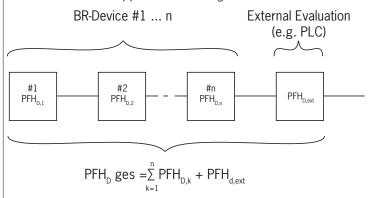
Monitoring of guard locking and the position of the guard (interlocking device with guard locking according to EN ISO 14119)

- Safety function (see chapter 6.5. Switching states on page 11):
- The safety outputs are switched off when guard locking is released (monitoring of the locking element).
- The safety outputs are switched off when the guard is open (monitoring of the door position).
- Guard locking can be activated only when the actuator is located in the switch (prevention of inadvertent locking position (faulty closure protection)).1)
- Safety characteristics: category, Performance Level, PFH_D (see chapter 13. Technical data on page 33).



NOTICE

You can regard the complete BR device chain as one subsystem during calculation. The following calculation method applies to the PFH_D value:



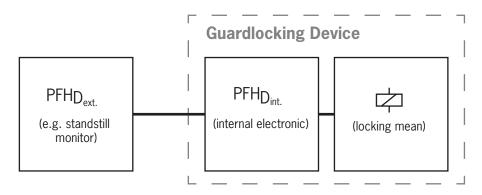
Alternatively, the simplified method according to section 6.3 of EN 13849-1:2015 can be used for calculation.



3.1. Control of guard locking for variants with IMP/IMM connection

If the device is used as guard locking for personnel protection, the control of the guard locking must be regarded as a safety function.

The safety level of guard locking control is determined by the device $PFH_{D_{int.}}$ and by the external control (e.g. $PFH_{D_{ext.}}$ of the standstill monitor), but cannot be higher than PL d.



Safety characteristics: category, Performance Level, PFH_D (see chapter 13. Technical data on page 33).

Releasing guard locking

- Safety functions
- Guard locking remains activated until IMP requests releasing the guard locking.

The decisive criterion for a possible request to deactivate guard locking is a voltage of at least 5 V between the inputs IMP and 0 V or between IMP and IMM.

The external control system must recognize and react to short circuits on these control signals. Fault exclusion, e.g. by laying the cables with protection, can be considered as an alternative.

3.2. Control of guard locking via IO-Link communication

If the device is used as guard locking for personnel protection, the control of the guard locking must be regarded as a safety function.

The device does not feature a safety characteristic for the control of the guard locking.

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4. Exclusion of liability and warranty

In case of failure to comply with the conditions for correct use stated above, or if the safety regulations are not followed, or if any servicing is not performed as required, liability will be excluded and the warranty void.

5. General safety precautions

Safety switches fulfill personnel protection functions. Incorrect installation or tampering can lead to fatal injuries to personnel.

Check the safe function of the safeguard particularly

- ▶ after any setup work
- → after the replacement of a system component
- after an extended period without use
- after every fault

Independent of these checks, the safe function of the safeguard should be checked at suitable intervals as part of the maintenance schedule.



WARNING

Danger to life due to improper installation or due to bypassing (tampering). Safety components fulfill a personnel protection function.

- Safety components must not be bypassed, turned away, removed or otherwise rendered ineffective. On this topic pay attention in particular to the measures for reducing the possibility of bypassing according to EN ISO 14119:2013, section 7.
- The switching operation must be triggered only by actuators designated for this purpose.
- Prevent bypassing by means of replacement actuators (only for multicode evaluation). For this purpose, restrict access to actuators and to keys for releases, for example.
- Damaged actuators can lead to limited prevention of inadvertent locking position (faulty closure protection) when the machine is switched on. The guard locking function can no longer be ensured if an actuator is broken. Opening the door will immediately turn off the safety outputs. Regularly check the actuator for mechanical damage.
- Mounting, electrical connection and setup only by authorized personnel possessing the following knowledge:
- specialist knowledge in handling safety components
- knowledge about the applicable EMC regulations
- knowledge about the applicable regulations on operational safety and accident prevention.



Important!

Prior to use, read the operating instructions and keep these in a safe place. Ensure the operating instructions are always available during mounting, setup and servicing. You can download the operating instructions from www.euchner.com.



6. Function

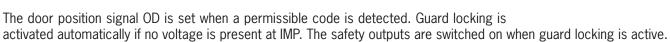
The device permits the locking of movable guards.

The system consists of the following components: coded actuator (transponder) and switch.

Whether the device learns the complete actuator code (unicode) or not (multicode) depends on the respective version.

- **Devices with unicode evaluation**: The actuator must be assigned to the safety switch by a teach-in operation so that it is detected by the system. This unambiguous assignment ensures a particularly high level of protection against tampering. The system thus possesses a high coding level.
- Devices with multicode evaluation: Unlike systems with unicode evaluation, on multicode devices a specific code is not requested but instead it is only checked whether the actuator is of a type that can be detected by the system (multicode evaluation). There is no exact comparison of the actuator code with the taught-in code in the safety switch (unicode evaluation). The system possesses a low coding level.

When the guard is closed, the actuator is moved into the safety switch. When the operating distances are reached, power is supplied to the actuator by the switch and data are transferred.



The safety outputs are switched off and the guard locking signal OL is cleared when guard locking is released.

In the event of a fault in the safety switch, the safety outputs are switched off and the DIA LED illuminates red. The occurrence of faults is detected at the latest on the next demand to close the safety outputs (e.g. on starting).

6.1. Bistable guard locking

Guard locking of the switch functions according to the bistable principle. This means that guard locking is kept in its last position if the power supply is interrupted or when the machine is switched off for servicing, for example. As a result, the safety door is either constantly locked or it can be closed and opened as required without activating the guard locking. Guard locking is released via control input IMP or via IO-Link communication. Also see chapter 6.4. Guard locking on page 10.

6.2. Guard lock monitoring

All versions feature two safe outputs for monitoring guard locking. The safety outputs F01A and F01B are switched off when guard locking is released.

6.3. Monitoring outputs/status bits

Depending on version, the signals listed in the following are available as a status bit or on the monitoring output. The status bits are evaluated via the BR/IO-Link Gateway. Please refer to the enclosed data sheet for further information.

6.3.1. Door position signal OD

The door position signal is sent as soon as the actuator is inserted into the switch head (state: guard closed and not locked). The signal is also present if the guard locking is active.

6.3.2. Diagnostic signal OI

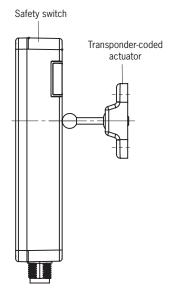
The diagnostic signal is present if there is an error (switch-on condition as for DIA LED).

6.3.3. Guard locking signal OL

The guard locking signal is present if the guard locking is active.

6.3.4. Status signal OM

The status signal is present if the device's safety outputs are switched.



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6.3.5. Locking element signal OLS

The locking element signal is present if the locking element is stuck and it is therefore not possible to activate/deactivate guard locking. The signal is reset as soon as the actuator is no longer under tensile stress.

6.3.6. Communication connection C

A monitoring output with the suffix C has the additional function of providing a communication connection to a BR/IO-Link Gateway. The switch delivers cyclical and acyclical data. You will find an overview of the communication data in chapter 10. Using communication data on page 26.

If no BR/IO-Link Gateway is connected, this output behaves like a monitoring output.

6.4. Guard locking



Important!

Malfunctions due to incorrect use.

- The actuator must not be under tensile stress during release.
- Very strong jolts or vibration can cause the guard locking state to change unintentionally. This generally applies when the switch is electrically isolated.
- The switch must not be used as a mechanical end stop.
- In case of heavy doors, ensure that the impact energy is cushioned on closing.

The spring-operated guard locking functions in accordance with the closed-circuit current principle. If the voltage is interrupted at the solenoid, the guard locking remains active and the guard cannot be opened directly.



Important!

If the guard is open when the power supply is interrupted and is then closed, guard locking remains released. This prevents people from being locked in unintentionally.

6.4.1. Guard locking on version CTM-LBI and control via control input IMP

(guard locking actuated by spring force and released by power-ON)

Activating guard locking: close guard; no voltage at control input IMP.

Releasing guard locking: apply voltage to control input IMP.

6.4.2. Guard locking on version CTM-LBI and control via IO-Link communication



Important!

Use as guard locking for personnel protection is possible only in special cases, after strict assessment of the accident risk (see EN ISO 14119:2013, section 5.7.1)!

Activating guard locking: guard locking actuated by spring force and controlled by bit CL (bit CL = 0).

Releasing guard locking: guard locking released by the device's operating voltage and deactivated by bit CL (bit CL = 1).



6.5. Switching states

The detailed switching states for your switch can be found in the system status table. All safety outputs, signals and display LEDs are described there.

6.5.1. Switching states with control via the control input IMP

	Guard closed and locked	Guard closed and not locked	Guard being opened	Guard open
Control input IMP	off	on	on	off = Guard locking is activated immediately on closing on = Guard locking remains released on closing
Safety outputs FO1A and FO1B	on	off	off	off
Guard locking signal OL	on	off	off	off
Door position signal OD	on	on	on	off

6.5.2. Switching states with control via IO-Link communication

	Guard closed and locked	Guard closed and not locked	Guard being opened	Guard open
Bit CL	0	1	1	off = Guard locking is activated immediately on closing on = Guard locking remains released on closing
Safety outputs FO1A and FO1B	on	off	off	off
Guard locking signal OL	on	off	off	off
Door position signal OD	on	on	on	off

EN



7. Manual release



Important!

- All release functions latch when the device is electrically isolated.
- Guard locking remains released when the release function is reset.

Some situations require the guard locking to be released manually (e.g. malfunctions or an emergency). A function test must be performed after release.

More information on this topic can be found in the standard EN ISO 14119:2013, section 5.7.5.1. The device can feature the following release functions:

7.1. Auxiliary release

In the event of malfunctions, the guard locking can be released with the auxiliary release irrespective of the state of the solenoid.

The safety outputs are switched off when the auxiliary release is actuated. Use the safety outputs to generate a stop command.

The guard locking signal OL is switched off; the door position signal OD can assume an undefined state. Open the guard and close it again after resetting the auxiliary release. The device will then operate normally again.

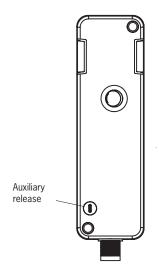


Important!

- The actuator must not be under tensile stress during manual release.
- Reset the auxiliary release and cover it with a new seal label after use.
- Loss of the release function due to mounting errors or damage during mounting.
- Check the release function every time after mounting.
- After manual release, the solenoid must be energized briefly to re-establish guard locking.
- The auxiliary release must be reset at the control system level, e.g. by means of a plausibility check (status of the safety outputs does not match the guard locking control signal). See EN ISO 14119:2013, sec. 5.7.5.4.
- The auxiliary release is not a safety function.
- The correct function must be checked at regular intervals.
- Observe the notes on any enclosed data sheets.

7.1.1. Actuating auxiliary release

- 1. Remove seal label or make a hole.
- 2. Using a screwdriver, turn the auxiliary release to \(\mathbb{G} \) in the direction of the arrow.
- Guard locking is released.



8. Mounting



CAUTION

Safety switches must not be bypassed (bridging of contacts), turned away, removed or otherwise rendered ineffective.

 Observe EN ISO 14119:2013, section 7, for information about reducing the possibilities for bypassing an interlocking device.



NOTICE

Risk of damage to equipment and malfunctions as a result of incorrect installation.

- Safety switches and actuators must not be used as an end stop.
- Observe EN ISO 14119:2013, sections 5.2 and 5.3, for information about mounting the safety switch and the actuator.
- Protect the switch against damage, as well as against penetrating foreign objects such as swarf, sand and blasting shot, etc.
- Observe the min. door radii (see chapter 13.4.1. Dimension drawing for actuator A-B-A1-A1-... on page 37).
- Observe the maximum permissible angle between switch and actuator (max. 5°).
- Dbserve the tightening torque for fastening the switch and the actuator (max. 2.9 Nm).
- The rear side of the switch and the actuator's plate must lie fully on the mounting surface.
- Actuator and safety switch must be mounted such that the actuator is vertically inserted into the switch when the guard is closed.

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9. Electrical connection

The following connection options are available:

- Separate operation
- Series connection with Y-distributors or passive distribution modules
- Series connection, e.g. with wiring in the control cabinet
- Connection to a BR/IO-Link Gateway GWY-CB-1-BR-IO
- Connection to a safety relay ESM-CB with integrated BR/IO-Link Gateway



WARNING

In the event of a fault, loss of the safety function due to incorrect connection.

- To ensure safety, both safety outputs must always be evaluated.
- Monitoring outputs must not be used as safety outputs.
- Lay the connecting cables with protection to prevent the risk of short circuits.



CAUTION

Risk of damage to equipment or malfunctions as a result of incorrect connection.

- Do not use a control system with pulsing or switch off the pulsing function in your control system. The device generates its own test pulses on the safety outputs. A downstream control system must tolerate these test pulses, which may have a length of up to 300 μs.
 The test pulses are output only with the safety outputs switched off during device start. Depending on the inertia of the downstream device (control system, relay, etc.), this can lead to short switching processes.
- The inputs on a connected evaluation unit must be positive switching, as the two outputs on the safety switch deliver a level of +24 V in the switched-on state.
- All the electrical connections must either be isolated from the mains supply by a safety transformer according to IEC 61558-2-6 with limited output voltage in the event of a fault, or by other equivalent isolation measures (PELV).
- All electrical outputs must have an adequate protective circuit for inductive loads. The outputs must be protected with a free-wheeling diode for this purpose. RC interference suppression units must not be used.
- Power devices which are a powerful source of interference must be installed in a separate location away from the input and output circuits for signal processing. The cable routing for safety circuits should be as far away as possible from the cables of the power circuits.
- To avoid EMC interference, the physical environmental and operating conditions at the installation site of the device must comply with the requirements according to the standard EN 60204-1 (EMC).
- Pay attention to any interference fields from devices such as frequency converters or induction heating systems. Observe the EMC instructions in the manuals from the respective manufacturer.



Important!

If the device does not appear to function when the operating voltage is applied (e.g. green STATE LED does not flash), the safety switch must be returned to the manufacturer.



9.1. Notes about (4) us



Important!

This device is intended to be used with a Class 2 power source in accordance with UL1310. As an alternative an LV/C (Limited Voltage/Current) power source with the following properties can be used:

This device shall be used with a suitable isolating source in conjunction with a fuse in accordance with UL248. The fuse shall be rated max. 3.3 A and be installed in the max. 30 V DC power supply to the device in order to limit the available current to comply with the UL requirements. Please note possibly lower connection ratings for your device (refer to the technical data).

For use and application as per the requirements of UL 1) a connecting cable listed under the UL category code CYJV/7, min. 24 AWG, min. 80 °C, must be used.

1) Note on the scope of the UL approval: the devices have been tested as per the requirements of UL508 and CSA/ C22.2 no. 14 (protection against electric shock and fire).

9.2. Safety in case of faults

- The operating voltage UB and the control input IMP are reverse polarity protected.
- The safety outputs F01A/F01B are short circuit-proof.
- A short circuit between FO1A and FO1B is detected by the switch.
- A short circuit in the cable can be excluded by laying the cable with protection.

9.3. Fuse protection for power supply

The power supply must be provided with fuse protection depending on the number of switches and the current required for the outputs. The following rules apply:

Max. current consumption of an individual switch I_{max}

 $I_{max} = I_{UB} + I_{FO1A} + F_{O1B} + I_{OX} + I_{IMP}$

 I_{UB} = Switch operating current (max. 500 mA)

 I_{OX} = Load current of monitoring outputs (max. 50 mA per monitoring output)

 $I_{FO1A+FO1B}$ = Load current of safety outputs FO1A + FO1B (2 x max. 150 mA)



Important!

If there are further monitoring outputs, their load current must be taken into account.

Max. current consumption of a switch chain Σ I_{max}

 $\Sigma I_{\text{max}} = I_{\text{FO1A+FO1B}} + n \times (I_{\text{UB}} + I_{\text{OX}})$

n = Number of connected switches

9.4. Requirements for connecting cables



CAUTION

Risk of damage to equipment or malfunctions as a result of incorrect connecting cables.

- Use connection components and connecting cables from EUCHNER.
- On the use of other connection components, the requirements in the following table apply. EUCHNER provides no warranty for safe function in case of failure to comply with these requirements.



Observe the following requirements with respect to the connecting cables:

For safety switch CTM-...-BP/BR-...-SA-... with plug connector M12, 8-pin

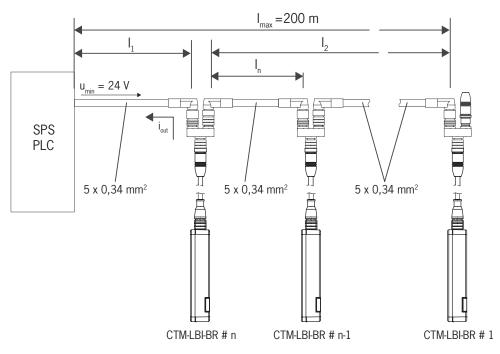
Parameter	Value	Unit
Conductor cross-section, min.	0.25	mm²
R max.	80	Ω/km
C max.	120	nF/km
L max.	0.65	mH/km
Recommended cable type	LIYY 8 x 0.34 mm ²	

9.5. Maximum cable lengths with BR switch chains



Important!

The maximum number of switches in a BR switch chain depends on many factors, including the cable length. This case example shows a standard application. You will find further connection examples at www.euchner.com.



n	I _{OD} (mA)	l ₁ (m)	
Max. number of switches depending on the cable length	Possible output current per channel F01A/F01B	Max. cable length from the last switch to the control system 0.34 mm ²	
	10		
	25	70	
1	50	70	
	100		
	150	60	
	10		
	25		
2	50	20	
	100		
	150		
	10		
	25		
3	50	20	
	100		
	150		

9.6. Connector assignment of safety switch CTM-...-BP-...-SA-166089/166090 with plug connector M12, 8-pin

Plug connector (view of connection side)	Pin	Designation	Function	Conductor coloring of connecting ca- ble ¹⁾
1 x M12	1	IMP	Solenoid control input, 24 V DC	WH
	2	UB	Electronics and solenoid operating voltage, 24 V DC	BN
2.	3	FO1A	Safety output, channel A 🕩	GN
	4	FO1B	Safety output, channel B 🕩	YE
3	5	Ol	Diagnostic monitoring output	GY
4 \ 5	6	OD/C	Door position monitoring output/communication	PK
8	7	OL	Guard lock monitoring output	BU
	8	OVUB	Electronics and solenoid operating voltage, 0 V DC	RD

¹⁾ Only for standard EUCHNER connecting cable.

9.7. Connector assignment of safety switch CTM-...-BP-...-SA-166087/166088 with plug connector M12, 8-pin

Plug connector (view of connection side)	Pin	Designation	Function	Conductor coloring of connecting ca- ble ¹⁾
1 x M12	1	IMP	Solenoid control input, 24 V DC	WH
	2	UB	Electronics and solenoid operating voltage, 24 V DC	BN
25	3	FO1A	Safety output, channel A 🕩	GN
	4	FO1B	Safety output, channel B 🕩	YE
3	5	Ol	Diagnostic monitoring output	GY
4 \ `5	6	OD/C	Door position monitoring output/communication	PK
8	7	0VUB	Electronics and solenoid operating voltage, 0 V DC	BU
	8	IMM	Solenoid control input, 0 V DC	RD

¹⁾ Only for standard EUCHNER connecting cable.

9.8. Connector assignment of safety switch CTM-...-BR-...-SA-... with plug connector M12, 8-pin

Plug connector (view of connection side)	Pin	Designation	Function	Conductor coloring of connecting ca- ble ¹⁾
1 x M12	1	FI1B	Enable input, channel B	WH
	2	UB	Electronics and solenoid operating voltage, 24 V DC	BN
2.	3	FO1A	Safety output, channel A 🕩	GN
	4	FO1B	Safety output, channel B 1	YE
3	5	Ox/C ²⁾	Door position or guard lock monitoring output/communication	GY
4 \ `5	6	FI1A	Enable input, channel A	PK
8	7	OVUB	Electronics and solenoid operating voltage, 0 V DC	BU
	8	IMP	Solenoid control input, 24 V DC	RD

9.9. Connector assignment of safety switch CTM-...-BR-...-AZD-SA-... with plug connector M12, 8-pin

Plug connector (view of connection side)	Pin	Designation	Function	Conductor coloring of connecting cable 1)
1 x M12	1	FI1B	Enable input, channel B	WH
_	2	UB	Electronics and solenoid operating voltage, 24 V DC	BN
2 7	3	FO1A	Safety output, channel A ₁₽	GN
	4	FO1B	Safety output, channel B 🕩	YE
3	5	Ox/C ²⁾	Door position or guard lock monitoring output/communication	GY
4 \ `5	6	FI1A	Enable input, channel A	PK
8	7	0VUB	Electronics and solenoid operating voltage, 0 V DC	BU
	8	-	n.c.	RD

¹⁾ Only for standard EUCHNER connecting cable

²⁾ Monitoring output Ox can assume the function OD (door position) oder OL (guard locking). More detailed information about your device is available at www.euchner.com. Simply enter the order number.

²⁾ Monitoring output Ox can assume the function OD (door position) oder OL (guard locking). More detailed information about your device is available at www.euchner.com. Simply enter the order number.



9.10. Connector assignment of safety switch CTM-...-BR-...-SP-... with plug connector M12, 12-pin

Plug connector (view of connection side)	Pin	Designation	Function
	1	UB	Electronics and solenoid operating voltage, 24 V DC
	2	FI1A	Enable input, channel A
	3	OVUB	Electronics and solenoid operating voltage, 0 V DC
1 x M12	4	FO1A	Safety output, channel A 🕩
1 9	5	OD/C	Door position monitoring output/communication
10 2 8 12 3	6	FI1B	Enable input, channel B - IP
	7	FO1B	Safety output, channel B -
	8	RST	Reset input
4 11 5	9	OL	Guard lock monitoring output
	10	IMP	Solenoid control input, 24 V DC
	11	Ol	Diagnostic monitoring output
	12	IMM	Solenoid control input, 0 V DC

9.11. Connection without and with IO-Link communication

9.11.1. Connection without IO-Link communication

Only the safety and monitoring outputs are switched with this connection method.

With a series connection, the safety signals are looped through from device to device.

9.11.2. Connection with IO-Link communication

If, in addition to the safety function, detailed monitoring and diagnostic data are to be processed, a BR/IO-Link Gateway is required. To poll the communication data from the connected device, communication connection C is routed to the BR/IO-Link Gateway.

For a series connection, you will additionally need the corresponding Y-distributor (see chapter 9.13. Connector assignment of Y-distributor for series connection with IO-Link communication on page 20). The communication connection C on each device is routed via the Y-distributor to the BR/IO-Link Gateway.

You will find further information in the operating instructions for your BR/IO-Link Gateway.

Connector assignment of Y-distributor for series connection without IO-Link com-9.12. munication

(i)

Important!

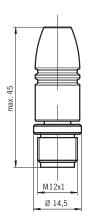
All guard locking solenoids are always controlled simultaneously on the use of these Y-distributors in a series connection.

Connector assignment of Y-distributor (8-pin, socket)

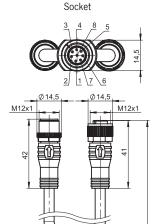
Pin	Function
X1.1	FI1B
X1.2	UB
X1.3	FO1A
X1.4	FO1B
X1.5	n.c.
X1.6	FI1A
X1.7	OVUB
X1.8	*

Strapping plug 097645 4-pin, plug (figure similar)





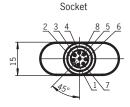
Y-distributor with connecting cable 111696 or 112395

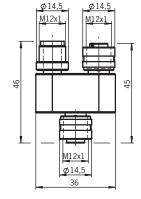


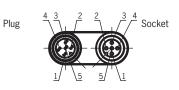












Plug	3		2 3	<u>5</u>	Socket
	4/5/	<u>1</u> !	1/	\ <u>4</u>	

Pin	Function
X2.1	UB
X2.2	FO1A
X2.3	0 V
X2.4	F01B
X2.5	*

Pin	Function
X3.1	UB
X3.2	FI1A
X3.3	0 V
X3.4	FI1B
X3.5	*

Pin	Function
X2.1	UB
X2.2	FO1A
X2.3	0 V
X2.4	F01B
X2.5	*

n	Pin	Function
	X3.1	UB
	X3.2	FI1A
	X3.3	0 V
	X3.4	FI1B
	X3.5	*

^{*} Function and compatibility are dependent on the pin assignment of the device connected.



9.13. Connector assignment of Y-distributor for series connection with IO-Link communication

Connector assignment of Y-distributor (8-pin, socket)

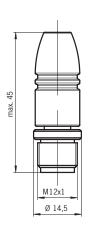
Pin	Function
X1.1	FI1B
X1.2	UB
X1.3	FO1A
X1.4	F01B
X1.5	С
X1.6	FI1A
X1.7	OVUB
X1.8	n.c.

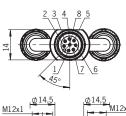
Y-distributor with connecting cable 158192 or 158193

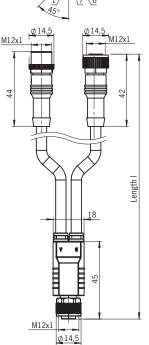
Y-distributor 157913

Strapping plug 097645 4-pin, plug (figure similar)

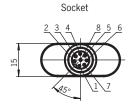


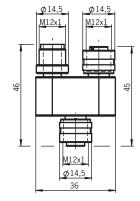


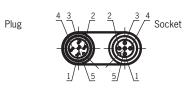




Order no.	Length I [mm]
158192	200
158193	1,000







Plug 41 2 2 3 5 Soci

	Pin	Function	Р
>	⟨2.1	UB	X3
>	⟨2.2	FO1A	X3
>	(2.3	0 V	X3
)	⟨2.4	F01B	X3
	(2.5	С	X3

Pin	Function
X3.1	UB
X3.2	FI1A
X3.3	0 V
X3.4	FI1B
X3.5	С

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
X2.1	UB	X3.1	UB
X2.2	F01A	X3.2	FI1A
X2.3	0 V	X3.3	0 V
X2.4	F01B	X3.4	FI1B
X2.5	С	X3.5	С

9.14. Connection of a single CTM-BP/BR (separate operation)



WARNING

In the event of a fault, loss of the safety function due to incorrect connection.

To ensure safety, both safety outputs FO1A and FO1B must always be evaluated.



Important!

The example shows only an excerpt that is relevant for connection of the CTM system. The example illustrated here does not show complete system planning. The user is responsible for safe integration into the overall system. Detailed application examples can be found at www.euchner.com. Simply enter the order number of your switch in the search box. You will find all available connection examples for the device in *Downloads*.

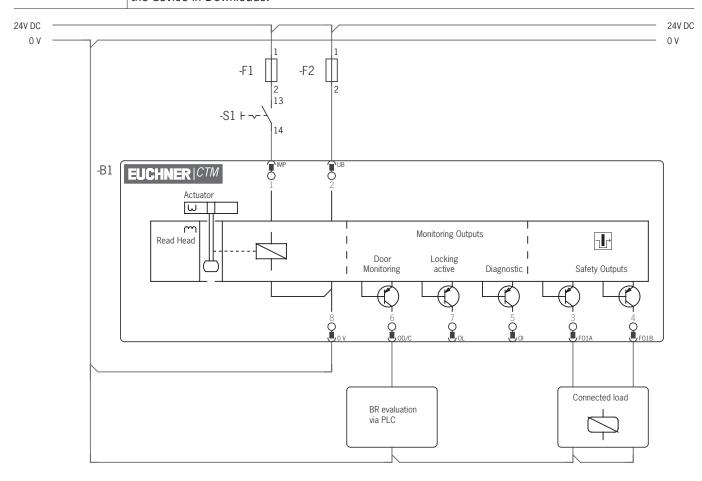


Fig. 1: Connection example without control input IMM

ΕN

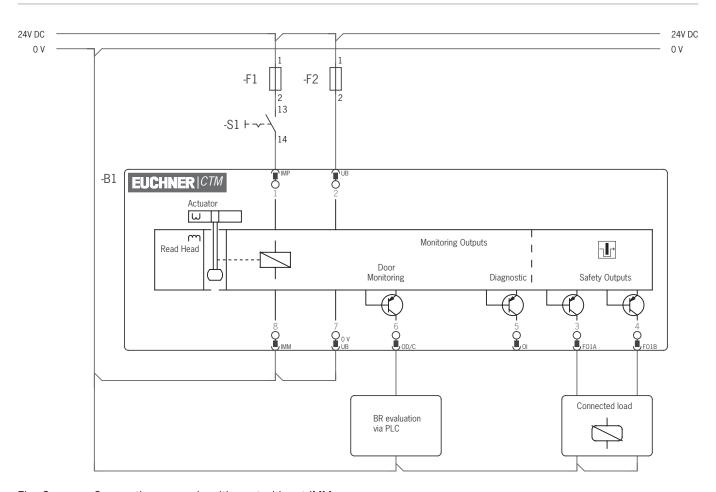


Fig. 2: Connection example with control input IMM



9.15. Connection of several devices in a switch chain (series connection)



WARNING

In the event of a fault, loss of the safety function due to incorrect connection.

To ensure safety, both safety outputs FO1A and FO1B must always be evaluated.



Important!

- A BR switch chain may contain a maximum of 20 safety switches.
- The example shows only an excerpt that is relevant for connection of the CTM system. The example illustrated here does not show complete system planning. The user is responsible for safe integration into the overall system. Detailed application examples can be found at www.euchner.com. Simply enter the order number of your switch in the search box. You will find all available connection examples for the device in *Downloads*.
- Make sure you use the correct Y-distributors. See chapter 9.7. Steckerbelegung Y-Verteiler für Reihenschaltung ohne IO-Link-Kommunikation on page 17

The series connection is shown here based on the example of the version with plug connector M12. The switches are connected one behind the other with the aid of pre-assembled connecting cables and Y-distributors. If a safety door is opened or if a fault occurs on one of the switches, the system shuts down the machine. A higher-level control system cannot, however, detect which safety door is open or on which switch a fault has occurred with this connection technology.

The series connection can also be realized via additional terminals in a control cabinet.

The safety outputs are permanently assigned to the respective safety inputs of the downstream switch. FO1A must be routed to FI1A and FO1B to FI1B. If the connections are interchanged (e.g. FO1A to FI1B), the device will switch to the fault state.

EN



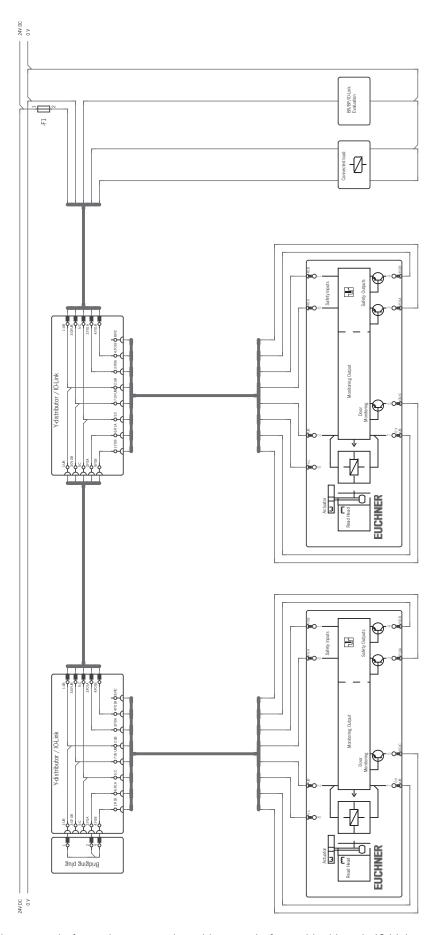


Fig. 3: Connection example for series connection with control of guard locking via IO-Link communication



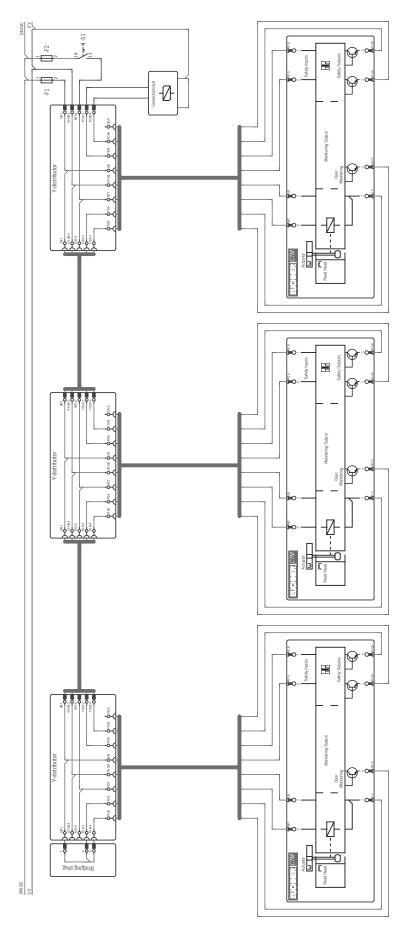


Fig. 4: Connection example for series connection with control of guard locking via the control input IMP



10. Using communication data

A BR/IO-Link Gateway is required to use the device's communication data and forward them to a higher-level bus system. The following devices are suitable:

- → GWY-CB-1-BR-IO (BR/IO-Link Gateway)
- ESM-CB (safety relay with integrated BR/IO-Link Gateway)

10.1. Connection to a BR/IO-Link Gateway GWY-CB

The Gateway is an IO-Link device. Communication via IO-Link offers cyclical (process data) and acyclical (device data and events) data exchange (see chapter 10.3. Overview of the communication data on page 26).

The communication connection C on the device allows the diagnostic line to be connected to the Gateway. The Ox/C connection represents a non-safety-related communication channel between the Gateway and the connected devices.

IO-Link communication can be used for the following functions as well:

Reset for acknowledging error messages

You will find further information in the operating instructions for your BR-/IO-Link Gateway.

10.2. Connection to a safety relay ESM-CB

The safety relay ESM-CB features an integrated BR/IO-Link Gateway. In addition to functioning as an IO-Link device (see chapter 10.1. Connection to a BR/IO-Link Gateway GWY-CB on page 26), the device can be used for connecting two monitored single- or dual-channel sensor circuits. The sensor circuits evaluate various signaling devices:

- > Sensor circuit S1 with short circuit detection; suitable for single- or dual-channel safety sensors
- > Sensor circuit S2, suitable for OSSD signals; short circuit detection by signaling device

When at least one sensor circuit is interrupted, the safety relay initiates the safe state. Different relay starting behaviors and various monitoring functions are possible.

The device's safety outputs FO1A and FO1B are routed to the OSSD inputs of the safety relay. The OD/C connection of the device allows the diagnostic line to be connected to the Gateway.

You will find further information in the operating instructions for your safety relay with integrated BR/IO-Link Gateway.

10.3. Overview of the communication data

The switch transmits both process data that are continuously transmitted to the evaluation unit (cyclical data) and data that can be polled specifically as needed (acyclical data). For further information on connection and on the communication data, refer to the operating instructions for your BR-/IO-Link Gateway.

10.3.1. Cyclical data (process data)

Table 2: Cyclical data (process data)

	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Byte 1	OI				OM	0Q		OD
Byte 2					OLS		OL	

See chapter 6.3. Monitoring outputs/status bits on page 9 for a description of the status bits.

Table 3: Status and control data

	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0 *
Byte 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CL

^{*} Guard locking is controlled via bit CL (see chapter 6.4.2. Guard locking on version CTM-LBI and control via IO-Link communication on page 10).



10.3.2. Acyclical data (device data and events)

Table 4: Acyclical data (examples)

Dez	Bin	Hex	Meaning	Answer (number of bytes)	Category	Use in device classes	
	General i	eral information		(ilulliber of bytes)		ciasses	
1	1	1					
2	10	2	Send device ID-number/ serial number	6	PWR-UP	All	
3	11	3	Send device Versions number	5	PWR-UP	All	
4	100	4					
5	101	5	Complete number of participants	2	PWR-UP	All	
6	110	6					
7	111	7					
8	1000	8					
9	1001	9					
10	1010	A					
11	1011	В					
12	1100	С					
13	1101	D					
14	1110	E					
15	1111	F					
16	10000	10					
17	10001	11	Number of switching cycles (Solenoid)	3	Additional	All	
18	10010	12	Send current error code	1	Error	All	
19	10011	13	Send last error code	1	Error	All	
20	10100	14	Request of size of error log	1	Error	All	
21	10101	15	Send error with number	1	Error	All	
22	10110	16	Send detected tag code	5	Transponder	All	
23	010111	17	Send taught tag code	5	Transponder	All	
24	011000	18	Send blocked tag code 1	5	Transponder	All	
25	011001	19	Voltage (Power supply)	2	Additional	All	
26	011010	1A	Temperature	1	Additional	All	
27	011011	1B	Number of switching cycles (Door position)	3	Additional	All	
28	011100	1C					
29	011101	1D	Reset device (Soft-Reset) *	1	Reset	All	
30	011110	1E	Factory reset	1	Reset	All	
31	011111	1F					
32	100000	20					
:	:	:					
63	111111	3F					

^{*} Each BR switch must be addressed individually in a switch chain.

For more information on these and other acyclical data, refer to the operating instructions for your BR-/IO-Link Gateway.

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10.4. Notes on operation with safe control systems

Observe the following requirements for connection to safe control systems:

- Use a common power supply for the control system and the connected safety switches.
- A pulsed power supply must not be used for U_B. Tap the supply voltage directly from the power supply unit. If the power supply is connected to a terminal of a safe control system, this output must provide sufficient electrical current.
- The safety outputs FO1A and FO1B can be connected to the safe inputs of a control system. Prerequisite: The input must be suitable for pulsed safety signals (OSSD signals, e.g. from light grids). The control system must tolerate test pulses on the input signals. This normally can be set up by parameter assignment in the control system. Observe the notes of the control system manufacturer. For the test pulse duration of your safety switch, refer to chapter 13. Technical data on page 33.
- With series connection: Always connect inputs FI1A and FI1B directly to a power supply unit or to outputs FO1A and FO1B of another EUCHNER BR device. Pulsed signals must not be present at inputs FI1A and FI1B.

A detailed example of connecting and setting the parameters of the control system is available for many devices at www.euchner.com, in the area *Service/Downloads/Applications/CTM*. The features of the respective device are dealt with there in greater detail.

11. Setup

11.1. LED displays

You will find a detailed description of the signal functions in chapter 12. System status table on page 31.

LED	Color
STATE	green
LOCK	yellow
DIA	red



11.2. Teach-in function for actuator (only for unicode evaluation)

The actuator must be allocated to the safety switch using a teach-in function before the system forms a functional unit.

During a teach-in operation, the safety outputs are switched off, i.e. the system is in the safe state.

The teach-in operation is fully automatic. The number of possible teach-in operations is unlimited.



Tip!

Prior to switching on, close the guard on which the actuator to be taught-in is installed. The teach-in operation starts immediately after switching on. This feature simplifies above all teach-in with series connections and on large installations.



Important!

- The teach-in operation can be performed only if the device does not have any internal fault.
- Devices in the condition as supplied remain in teach-in standby state until they have successfully taught-in the first actuator. Once taught-in, switches remain in the teach-in standby state for approx. 3 min. after each switch-on.
- The safety switch disables the code of the preceding device if teach-in is carried out for a new actuator. Teach-in is not possible again immediately for this device if a new teach-in operation is carried out. The disabled code is released again in the safety switch only after a third code has been taught-in.
- The safety switch can be operated only with the last actuator taught-in.
- If the switch detects the actuator that was most recently taught-in when in the teach-in standby state, this state is ended immediately and the switch changes to normal operation.
- The actuator to be taught-in is not activated if it is within the actuating range for less than 30 s.

11.2.1. Actuator teach-in

- 1. Establish teach-in standby:
 - Devices in the condition as supplied: unlimited teach-in standby after switching on.
 - Switch already taught-in: teach-in standby is available for approx. 3 min after switching on.
- → Teach-in standby indication, STATE LED flashes 3x repeatedly.
- 2. Insert the actuator during teach-in standby.
- → The automatic teach-in operation starts (duration approx. 30 s). During the teach-in operation the STATE LED flashes (approx. 1 Hz). Alternate flashing of the STATE and DIA LEDs acknowledges the successful teach-in operation. Teach-in errors are indicated by the illumination of the red DIA LED and a flashing code on the green STATE LED (see chapter 12. System status table on page 31).
- 3. Switch off operating voltage U_B (min. 3 s).
- → The code of the actuator that was just taught-in is activated in the safety switch.
- 4. Switch on operating voltage U_B.
- → The device operates normally.

<u>EN</u>



11.3. Functional check



WARNING

Danger of fatal injury as a result of faults in installation and functional check.

- Before carrying out the functional check, make sure that there are no persons in the danger zone.
- Observe the valid accident prevention regulations.

11.3.1. Mechanical function test

The actuator must slide easily into the switch. Close the guard several times to check the function.

11.3.2. Electrical function test

After installation and any fault, the safety function must be fully checked. Proceed as follows:

- 1. Switch on operating voltage.
- → The machine must not start automatically.
- → The safety switch carries out a self-test. The green STATE LED then flashes at regular intervals.
- 2. Close all guards. In case of guard locking by solenoid force: activate guard locking.
- → The machine must not start automatically. It must not be possible to open the guard.
- → The green STATE LED and the yellow LOCK LED are illuminated continuously.
- 3. Enable operation in the control system.
- → It must not be possible to deactivate guard locking as long as operation is enabled.
- 4. Disable operation in the control system and deactivate guard locking.
- → The guard must remain locked until there is no longer any risk of injury.
- → It must not be possible to start the machine as long as guard locking is deactivated.

Repeat steps 2 - 4 for each guard.

11.4. Factory reset

During switch-on, connect the two outputs FO1A and FO1B to 0 V or set the bit Ox1E via IO-Link communication.



12. System status table

Operating mode	Actuator/door position	Safety outputs F01A and F01B 🕩	Guard locking signal OL	Door position signal OD		DIA (red) and diagnos- tic signal Ol	LOCK (yellow)	State
	off	off	off	off		0	0	Power Up
	closed	on	on	on	*	0	*	Normal operation, door closed and locked
Normal operation	closed	off	off	on	1 x inverse	1 ()	0	Normal operation, door closed and not locked
	open	off	off	off	1 x	0	0	Normal operation, door open
	open	off	off	off	1 x	0	1 x	Normal operation, door open, ready for guard locking
	open	off	off	off	3 x	0	0	Device in teach-in standby
Teach-in operation (only unicode)	closed	off	Х	on	- 1 Hz	0	0	Teach-in operation
	Х	off	Х	off	* •	→	0	Positive acknowledgment after completion of teach-in operation
	Х	off	off	Х	1 x	*	0	Error in the teach-in operation (only unicode) Actuator removed from the actuating range prior to the end of the teach-in operation or faulty actuator detected
	Х	off	Х	Х	2 x		0	Input error with series connection (e.g. missing test pulses, illogical switching state from previous switch in the switch chain)
	Х	off	off	off	3 x		0	Read error (e.g. actuator faulty)
	Х	off	X	Х	- 4 x	or 1 x in-	0	Output fault (e.g. short circuit, loss of switching ability)
Fault display	Х	off	Х	Х	5 x	verse	0	Environment errors (e.g. operating voltage or operating temperature too high)
	Х	off	Х	Х	0		2 x	Solenoid control input fault
	Х	off	Х	Х	0		1 x	Plausibility errors
	Х	off	off	off	0	*	Х	Internal error
	Х	off	X	Х	1 x inverse	()	1 x inverse	Locking element stuck
							٦	
				0				LED not illuminated
				*	<u> </u>			LED illuminated
Warrata I I			-	· ; `	inverse			LED illuminated, briefly goes off 1 x
Key to symbols				*				LED flashes at 5 Hz
				*				LED flashes three times, and this is then repeated
			÷	€ €	·			LEDs flash alternately
		X						Any state

EIN

Operating Instructions Transponder-Coded Safety Switch CTM-LBI-BP/BR



When DIA flashes inversely once, the fault display can generally be reset by opening and closing the guard after remedying the cause. If the fault is still displayed afterward, as well as for all other fault displays, briefly interrupt the power supply. Contact the manufacturer if the fault display is not reset after restarting.



Important!

If you do not find the displayed device status in the system status table, this indicates an internal device fault. In this case, you should contact the manufacturer.

13. Technical data



NOTICE

If a data sheet is included with the product, the information on the data sheet applies.

13.1. **Technical data for safety switch CTM-LBI**

Parameter	min.	Value typ.	max.	Unit		
General						
Material						
Seals		Fluorinated rubber (FKN				
- Switch housing		Reinforced thermoplasti	c			
nstallation orientation		Any				
Degree of protection	_	IP65/IP67/IP69/IP69K				
	(screw	ved tight with the related matir	ng connector)			
Safety class acc. to EN IEC 61140						
Degree of contamination (external, acc. to EN 60947-1)		3 (industrial)				
Mechanical life		1 x 10 ⁶ operating cycle	S			
Ambient temperature at $U_B = 24 \text{ V}$	-20	-	+60	°C		
Actuator approach speed	-	-	20	m/mir		
Actuating/extraction force	De	vice dependent, see www.euc	chner.com	N		
Locking force F _{max}		1,300		N		
Locking force F _{Zh} 1)		$F_{Zh} = F_{max}/1.3 = 1,000$)	N		
Weight		Approx. 0.16	-	kg		
Connection (depending on version)		1 plug connector M12, 8-	nin			
Operating voltage U _B (reverse polarity protected, regulated,			r			
residual ripple < 5%)		$24 \pm 15\%$ (PELV)		V DC		
Current consumption I_{UB} at $U_B = 24 \text{ V}$	-	385	500	mA		
The following applies to the approval acc. to UL	Operation only v		1101			
Switching load acc. to UL	Operation only with UL Class 2 power supply or equivalent measures DC 24 V. class 2					
External fuse (operating voltage U _B)	0.7	DO 24 V, Class 2	8	A		
External fuse (operating voltage og/ External fuse (guard locking solenoid control input U _{IMP})	0.7	-	2	A		
External ruse (guard locking solelloid control lilput O _{IMP})	0.1			V		
Rated insulation voltage U _i	50					
Rated impulse withstand voltage U _{imp}	0.5					
Rated conditional short-circuit current		100		A		
Resilience to vibration	Acc. to EN 60947-5-3					
EMC protection requirements		Acc. to EN 60947-5-3				
Ready delay	-	5.5	-	S		
Risk time for single device	-	-	200	ms		
Turn-on time	-	-	400	ms		
Discrepancy time between both safety outputs acc. to			10			
EN 60947-5-3	-	-	10	ms		
Test pulse duration 2)	-	-	0.3	ms		
Test pulse interval	-	-	100	ms		
Safety outputs FO1A/FO1B	Semicono	ductor outputs, p-switching, sl	hort circuit-proof	_		
- Output voltage U _{FO1A} /U _{FO1B} ⁴⁾	0000	auter surpare, permening, en				
- Onthat voltage of 01% of 01B 4	UB - 1.5		UB	V DC		
HIGH U _{F01A} /U _{F01B}		-		V DC		
LOW U _{F01A} /U _{F01B}	0	-	1 150			
Switching current per safety output	1	-	150	mA		
Utilization category acc. to EN 60947-5-2	DC-13 24 V 150 mA Caution: outputs must be protected with a free-wheeling diode in case of inductive loads					
0.11.11	Caution: outputs must be	protected with a free-wheeling	·			
Switching frequency	-		0.5	Hz		
Monitoring outputs OD/C		p-switching, short circuit-p				
Output voltage	0.8 x UB	-	UB	V DC		
Max. load	1	-	50	mA		
Solenoid IMP (control input of guard locking solenoid)						
nput voltage						
- Guard locking not active (open)	20.4	-	26.4	V DC		
Guard locking active (closed)	0	-	5			
Solenoid current consumption I _{IMP}				mA		
Guard locking not active (open)	20	-	50			
Connection rating at max. switching frequency		3		W %		
Duty cycle		100	100			
Reliability values acc. to EN ISO 13849-1	Guard lock monitoring Control of guard locking					
Category	4		3			
Performance Level (PL)	PL e		PL d			
PFH _D	4.52 x 10 ⁻⁹		1.03 x 10 ⁻⁷			
				1		

Dependent on the actuator used Applies to a load with C \leq 30 nF and R \leq 20 $k\Omega$



13.1.1. Typical system times

Refer to the technical data for the exact values.

Ready delay: After switch-on, the device carries out a self-test. The system is ready for operation only after this time.

Turn-on time of safety outputs: The max. reaction time t_{on} is the time from the moment when the guard is locked to the moment when the safety outputs switch on.

Risk time according to EN 60947-5-3: The risk time is the maximum time until at least one of the safety outputs F01A or F01B switches off safely when the actuator is removed from the actuating range. This also applies if an internal or external fault occurs at this moment.

Discrepancy time: The safety outputs F01A and F01B switch with a slight time offset. They have the same signal state no later than after the discrepancy time.

Test pulses at the safety outputs: The device generates its own test pulses on the safety outputs F01A and F01B. A downstream control system must tolerate these test pulses.

This can usually be set up in the control systems by parameter assignment. If parameter assignment is not possible for your control system or if shorter test pulses are required, contact our support organization.

The test pulses are output only if the safety outputs are switched on.



13.2. Radio frequency approvals

FCC ID: 2AJ58-07 IC: 22052-07

FCC/IC-Requirements

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules and with Industry Canada's licence-exempt RSSs. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- 2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

- (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et
- (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Supplier's Declaration of Conformity 47 CFR § 2.1077 Compliance Information

Unique Identifier:

CTM-LBI-BR series

CTM-IBI-BR series

CTM-L2-BR series

CTM-I2-BR series

CTM-LBI-BP series

CTM-IBI-BP series

CTM-L2-BP series

CTM-I2-BP series

CTM-L2-AS1B series

CTM-I2-AS1B series

CTM-LBI-AS1B series

CTM-IBI-AS1B series

Responsible Party – U.S. Contact Information EUCHNER USA Inc.

6723 Lyons Street

East Syracuse, NY 13057

+1 315 701-0315

+1 315 701-0319

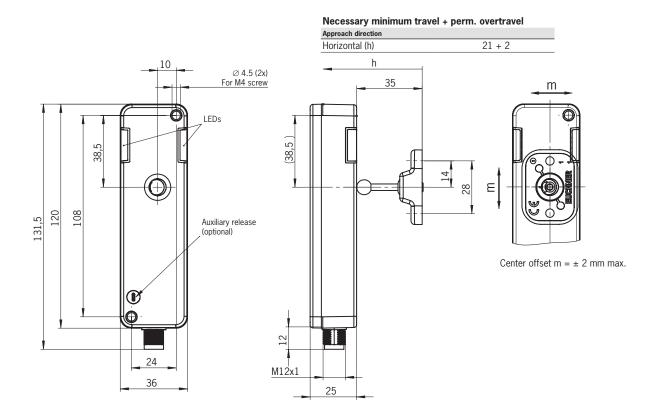
info(at)euchner-usa.com

http://www.euchner-usa.com

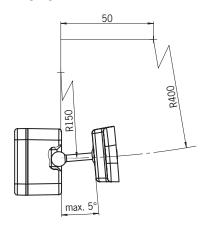
<u>EN</u>



13.3. Dimension drawing for safety switch CTM...



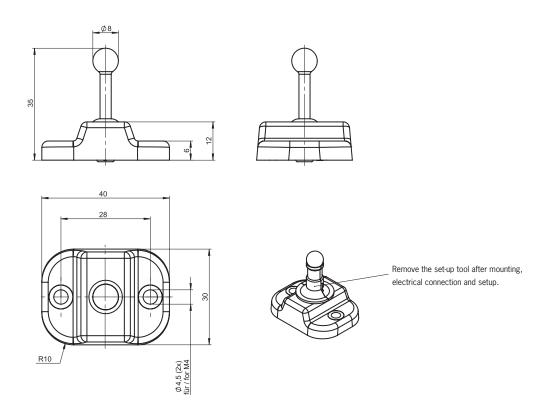
Min. door radius [mm]



13.4. Technical data for actuator A-B-A1-A1-...

Dawawatau		Value					
Parameter	min.	typ.	max.	Unit			
Material							
- Housing		Ultradur black					
- Ball holder		Stainless steel					
- Elastomer	A-	B-A1-161642: FKM red / A-B-A1-161643: FK	M blue				
Resistance		Resistant to chemicals and oil					
Food safe	D						
Weight	0.0194						
Ambient temperature	-20	-	+60	°C			
Degree of protection		IP65/IP67/IP69/IP69K					
Mechanical life		1 x 10 ⁶					
Locking force, max.		1,300					
Locking force F _{Zh}	1,000						
Installation orientation	Any						
Overtravel		2					
Power supply		Inductive via read head					

13.4.1. Dimension drawing for actuator A-B-A1-A1-...





Tip!

Remove the set-up tool after mounting the safety switch and actuator.

ΕN



14. Ordering information and accessories



Tip!

Suitable accessories, e.g. cables or assembly material, can be found at www.euchner.com. To order, enter the order number of your item in the search box and open the item view. Accessories that can be combined with the item are listed in *Accessories*.

15. Inspection and service



WARNING

Danger of severe injuries due to the loss of the safety function.

- If damage or wear is found, the complete switch and actuator assembly must be replaced. Replacement of individual parts or assemblies is not permitted.
- Check the device for proper function at regular intervals and after every fault. For information about possible time intervals, refer to EN ISO 14119:2013, section 8.2.

Regular inspection of the following is necessary to ensure trouble-free long-term operation:

- Check the switching function (see chapter 11.3. Functional check on page 30)
- · Check all additional functions (e.g. escape release, lockout bar, etc.)
- Check the secure mounting of the devices and the connections
- Check for soiling

No servicing is required. Repairs to the device are only allowed to be made by the manufacturer.



NOTICE

The year of manufacture is given in the laser marking at the bottom right corner. The current version number in the format (V X.X.X) can also be found on the device.

16. Service

If servicing is required, please contact:

EUCHNER GmbH + Co. KG Kohlhammerstraße 16 70771 Leinfelden-Echterdingen Germany

Service telephone:

+49 711 7597-500

E-mail:

support@euchner.de

Internet:

www.euchner.com

17. Declaration of conformity

CE

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EU-Konformitätserklärung EU declaration of conformity Déclaration UE de conformité Dichiarazione di conformità UE Declaración UE de conformidad

Original DE Translation EN Traduction FR Traduzione IT Traducción ES

Die nachfolgend aufgeführten Produkte sind konform mit den Anforderungen der folgenden Richtlinien (falls zutreffend): The beneath listed products are in conformity with the requirements of the following directives (if applicable): Les produits mentionnés ci-dessous sont conformes aux exigences imposées par les directives suivantes (si valable) I prodotti sotto elencati sono conformi alle direttive sotto riportate (dove applicabili):

Los productos listados a continuación son conforme a los requisitos de las siguientes directivas (si fueran aplicables):

I:	Maschinenrichtlinie	2006/42/EG
	Machinery directive	2006/42/EC
	Directive Machines	2006/42/CE
	Direttiva Macchine	2006/42/CE
	Directiva de máquinas	2006/42/CE
II:	Funkanlagen-Richtlinie (RED)	2014/53/EU
	Radio equipment directive	2014/53/EU
	Directive équipement radioélectrique	2014/53/UE
	Direttiva apparecchiatura radio	2014/53/UE
	Directiva equipo radioeléctrico	2014/53/UE
III:	RoHS Richtlinie	2011/65/EU
	RoHS directive	2011/65/EU
	Directive de RoHS	2011/65/UE
	Direttiva RoHS	2011/65/UE
	Directiva RoHS	2011/65/UE

Die Schutzziele der Niederspannungsrichtlinie 2014/35/EU und EMV Richtlinie 2014/30/EU werden gemäß Artikel 3.1 der Funkanlagen-Richtlinie eingehalten.

The safety objectives of the Low-voltage directive 2014/35/EU and EMC Directive 2014/30/EU comply with article 3.1 of the Radio equipment directive.

Les objectifs de sécurité de la Directive basse tension 2014/35/UE et Directive de CEM 2014/30/EU sont conformes à l'article 3.1 de la Directive équipement radioélectrique.

Gli obiettivi di sicurezza della Direttiva bassa tensione 2014/35/UE e Direttiva CEM 2014/30/UE sono conformi a quanto riportato nell'articolo 3.1 della Direttiva apparecchiatura radio.

Los objetivos de seguridad de la Directiva de bajo voltaje 2014/35/UE y Directiva CEM 2014/30/UE cumplen con el artículo 3.1 de la Directiva equipo radioeléctrico.

EN 60947-5-3:2013 Folgende Normen sind angewandt: Following standards are used: EN ISO 14119:2013 b: Les normes suivantes sont appliquées: EN ISO 13849-1:2015 Vengono applicate le seguenti norme: EN 50364:2018 Se utilizan los siguientes estándares: EN 300 330 V2.1.1

EN IEC 63000:2018 (RoHS) f: EN 62026-2:2013 (ASi)

Bezeichnung der Bauteile	Туре	Richtlinie	Normen	Zertifikats-Nr.
Description of components	Type	Directives	Standards	No. of certificate
Description des composants	Type	Directive	Normes	Numéro du certificat
Descrizione dei componenti	Tipo	Direttiva	Norme	Numero del certificato
Descripción de componentes	Туро	Directivas	Estándares	Número del certificado
Sicherheitsschalter Safety Switches Interrupteurs de sécurité	СТМ	1, 11, 111	a, b, c, d, e, f	UQS 2535187
Finecorsa di sicurezza Interruptores de seguridad	CTMAS	1, 11, 111	a, b, c, d, e, f, g	UQS 2539946
Betätiger Actuator Actionneur Azionatore Actuador	A-B-A S-B	1, 11, 111	a, b, c, d, e, f	UQS 2535187

Genehmigung der umfassenden Qualitätssicherung (UQS) durch die benannte Stelle Approval of the full quality assurance system by the notified body Approbation du système d'assurance qualité complet par l'organisme notifié Approvazione del sistema di garanzia di qualità totale da parte dell'organismo notificato Aprobación del sistema de aseguramiento de calidad total por parte del organismo notificado

Die alleinige Verantwortung für die Ausstellung dieser Konformitätserklärung trägt der Hersteller: This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer: La présente déclaration de conformité est établie sous la seule responsabilité du fabricant. La presente dichiarazione di conformità è rilasciata sotto la responsabilità esclusiva del fabbricante: La presente declaración de conformidad se expide bajo la exclusiva responsabilidad del fabricante:

0035 TÜV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH Alboinstr. 56 - 12103 Berlin Germany

EUCHNER GmbH + Co. KG Kohlhammerstraße 16 70771 Leinfelden-Echterdingen Germany

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Leinfelden, Oktober 2020

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Documentation manager
Responsable documentation
Responsabilità della documentazione
Agente documenta

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EN

Euchner GmbH + Co. KG Kohlhammerstraße 16 70771 Leinfelden-Echterdingen Germany info@euchner.de www.euchner.com

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